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## Professional Cards.

GEORGE S. LATIMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Harrisonburg, Va. 1897-98

DUNDLETON BRYAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW  
AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Harrisonburg, Va.  
July 3-4

ROBERT G. GRATTAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Harrisonburg, Va. Office—At Hill's Hotel.  
Nov. 1, 1898

CHARLES A. YANCY, ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Harrisonburg, Va. Office—At Hill's Hotel.  
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## The Old Commonwealth.

CUSHEN & GATEWOOD,  
Publishers and Proprietors.

VOL. IV.

HARRISONBURG, VA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1899.

NO. 18

## Business Cards.

VIRGINIA

HARDWARE HOUSE,

HARRISONBURG, VA.

I HAVE just returned from the East with a new stock of

MECHANIC'S TOOLS, CARRIAGE AND

SADDLERY GOODS, SHOE FIND-

INGS, ALSO

Very Fine Table and Pocket Cutlery.

I am prepared to furnish CIRCULAR SAWS

at factory prices. Those I have furnished have

given entire satisfaction. I am also prepared

to furnish the

Best Anchor Bolting Cloths.

I will be glad to see any one who wants any

article in my line. I think I will pay them to

favor me with a call.

Thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit

the patronage of those who wish to purchase

articles in my line.

G. W. TABER.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

HARDWARE HOUSE,

HARRISONBURG, VA.

I HAVE just returned from the East, and are

now receiving a complete assortment of

HARDWARE!

CUTLERY, STEEL,

Iron, Nails, Horse Shoes,

Carriage Trimmings, &amp;c., &amp;c.

We are also agents for Messrs. Huber &amp; Co.,

manufacturers of Double and Single Bit

CHOPPING AXES.

Broad Axes, Broad and Mill Hand Axes, Car-

enter's Hand Axes, Hatchets, Drawing Knives,

Stone Drills, Digging Bars, Picks and Mattocks.

We have a fine stock of the above goods, and

republically ask that country merchants will

call and examine before purchasing as we are

able to sell at city prices.

We render our thanks to the public for their

liberal patronage in the past, and by fair deal-

ing, cheap goods, and strict attention to busi-

ness, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

LUDWIG &amp; CO.,

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF POST OFFICE,

HARRISONBURG, VA.

M. BICKFORD,

No. 533 9th street,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Consignments solicited, and returns

promptly made.

P. B. &amp; P. A. SUBLETT,

Produce Commission Merchants,

Offer their services for the sale of

TOBACCO, WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR,

AND ALL KINDS OF

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Corner Virginia and Cary Streets, one Square

below Shockoe Warehouse,

RICHMOND, VA.

References—C. G. Strayer, Cashier First National

Bank, Samuel Shackelford, G. G. Gratton, Harrison-

burg, Va. Feb 12/98-19

BARE &amp; WILKINS,

Horns, Shoes and Ornamental

PAINTERS,

HARRISONBURG, VA.

Refer to S. M. Dold, J. D. Price, A. B. E.

rick, and others.

Orders for work left with Dold &amp; Bare,

promptly attended to.

JAN 28-99

LOWENBACH, M. &amp; A. HELLER,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats,

CLOTHING, NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS,

(Near the Big Square.)

HARRISONBURG, VA.

May 6, 1898

ROBERT CRAIG,

Produce &amp; Commission Merchant,

Masonic Temple Building, Main street,

Opposite Hill's Hotel,

HARRISONBURG, VA.

Cash paid at all times for WHEAT, FLOUR,

RYE, OATS, and COUNTRY PRO-

DUCE Generally.

Farmers desiring to dispose of their Produce

would do well to give me a call before selling.

Sept. 16-97

GWATHMEY BROS.,

WHOLESALE

Groceries and Commission Merchants,

No. 13 WIDE WATER STREET,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

REFER TO First National Bank, Citizens'

Bank, Norfolk; Messrs. Spotts &amp; Gibson, J.

R. Allen, Richmond; Messrs. Spotts &amp; Gibson, J.

R. Allen, Richmond; Messrs. Spotts &amp; Gibson, J.

R. Allen, Richmond; Messrs. Spotts &amp; Gibson, J.

R. Allen, Richmond; Messrs. Spotts &amp; Gibson, J.

R. Allen





JOHN GATEWOOD, Editors.  
HAN. D. CUSHEN.

HARRISONBURG, VA.

Wednesday, February 3, 1869.

DO THE PEOPLE ENDORSE THE  
NEW MOVEMENT?

The authors of the scheme to induce the white people of Virginia to accept and vote for negro suffrage have an equivalent for pardon, or amnesty, have again and again asserted before the reconstruction committee that they represented the views and wishes of a majority of the conservative white men of the State. Perhaps they are honest in their declaration. Is it true? So far as we have seen or heard, the committee of nine have not been sustained as generally, where public meetings have been held, as they had anticipated. Only a few days ago, as our readers are aware, a public meeting was held in Staunton for the purpose of obtaining an expression of the sentiment of the citizens of Augusta county, at which speeches were made by Messrs. Stuart, Baldwin and Sen. Echols, in favor of the "new movement," and by Messrs. Skinner and Christian against it. Resolutions endorsing the course of Messrs. Stuart and Baldwin were offered, but were withdrawn during the discussion, and the vote upon their adoption or rejection was not taken. Why was this? But one answer can be given: there was at least some danger that they might be defeated.

So far as the county of Rockingham is concerned, we have met with none, professing to act with the conservative party, who endorse the "new movement." It is generally viewed as the "cat in the meat tub." Upon this subject, we will here give the opinion of an intelligent gentleman, now living in Augusta county. He says:

"The new movement is beginning to be discussed somewhat in our midst by the yeomanry, and I have the first man yet to find who will vote for it. It is looked upon as a movement by the broken down politicians of our State to regain some of the fat offices they lost at the commencement of the war. Seven years or more have passed since they fed upon government pay, and they now are longing for it as bad as the Israelites in the wilderness did for the flesh-pots of Egypt. I think they will have a hard time to carry it before the people."

#### METHODIST CHURCH PROPERTY QUESTION IN VA.

The constitution propounded by the late State convention contains a provision which, if adopted, will transfer to the Methodist Church at the North almost every Methodist church within the bounds of the old Baltimore Conference. A majority of the preachers of that Conference, in Maryland and Virginia, have attached themselves to the Southern branch of the church, and during and since the war, built a number of churches.

Col. Baldwin, in his argument before the reconstruction committee, referred to this provision in the constitution as grossly unjust towards the congregations by whom these churches were built, and suggested that common honesty required that it should be stricken out. Rev. Mr. Phelps, who represents the "interests" of the Northern church, opposed Mr. Baldwin's suggestion. Mr. Phelps was asked if the Northern church had any congregations waiting to take possession of these churches? He replied that they had no congregations at present, but if they could get possession of the churches, they had strong hopes of being able to build up congregations. "What barefaced hypocrisy!" What downright dishonesty! Mr. Phelps knows that he stated what was untrue. As well might Mr. Phelps and his brethren say claim to the houses and lands of those who formerly belonged to the old Baltimore Conference, as to claim the churches which they have built with their own money. The principle is the same.

WHERE'S HUNNICUTT?—In the proceedings of the late Republican meeting we did not see the name of the great "friend and hero" so much as mentioned. Why is this? Has he been turned out of the party? Yes, and Bayne, and Lindsey, and "peeps" (Hodges, and other noisy radical deities, who so recently figured at radical pot-works, where are they? Have they, too, been snubbed? As to Hunnicutt, a few lines in the State Journal, the radical organ at Richmond, throws some light upon the subject. In referring to an article in the Lynchburg Virginian, in which the editor of the former paper is severely handled, the Journal says: "We omit the wild ravings and insane ravings of Mr. Hunnicutt, copied from the New Nation." So, there is a little "unpleasantness" between the former great champion of negro equality and the editor of the Journal. Poor Hunnicutt!—this is the "most unkindest cut of all."

HON. JOHN P. STOCKTON has been elected United States Senator from New Jersey, to serve six years from the 4th of March next.

No question can be of more practical, absorbing interest to the people of this country, in the present disturbed condition of affairs, than that which relates to the currency. The public credit is always measured by the value of that which it establishes as money, and business is prosperous or depressed, in exact proportion to the confidence or distrust with which it is regarded by the people.

This question is now being discussed in Congress, and several propositions to remedy the depreciated value of the paper currency of the country are pending before that body. The bill introduced by Senator Morton, of Indiana, providing for the resumption of specie payments in two years has already been referred to in our columns.

Mr. Butler, of Mass., proposes "retiring the present legal tenders without shock to the business of the country," and that, in lieu thereof, "the Government shall issue an amount equal to its taxes, say \$350,000,000, of certificates of value, of convenient denominations, not less than one dollar, which shall be lawful money and legal tender for all debts, public and private, which, by the law creating them, are not made payable in coin, and shall be receivable for all taxes, duties, and imposts of all kinds whatsoever, to be redeemed at pleasure, or in payment of the debts of the United States, and which shall be received for all public loans made to the United States." The next proposition is "to take from the national banks all power to issue notes to circulate as money, leaving them as they are now, banks of deposit, loans, and discount, but not of issue." In order that these "certificates of value" may be put in circulation, it is proposed "that every owner of a Government bond paying six per cent. interest in coin may go to any public depository in the United States, and lodging it there, as security, shall receive 'certificates of value,' i. e. greenbacks, to the amount of ninety per cent. of the par thereof, to be at his pleasure reconverted into his bond at any time after thirty days, he paying to the Treasurer for the money he receives at the rate of .0365 interest per annum in coin thereon until he returns a like amount of certificates to the Treasury, when he shall receive back his bond."

Such is Mr. Butler's plan. Senator Sherman, of Ohio, agrees with Mr. Morton's views, except that he is of opinion that it would be unwise to resort to specie payments so soon as the latter proposes. He also dissents from Mr. Butler's proposition to discard gold as the standard by which to measure the value of paper money. In order that the reader may understand the theory of Mr. Sherman's bill, we subjoin his own language. He says:

"In order to consider this measure properly, we must have a clear concept of what is sought to be accomplished. The object of the bill is to appreciate our currency to the standard of gold as rapidly as the public interest will allow. It is to convert our currency, or 'lawful money,' consisting of notes of the United States, and these are a legal tender in payment of all debts. Based upon gold, and of equal value with them, is a subsidiary currency of notes of the United States, and these are redeemable in United States notes and are receivable in payment of taxes. We have also a form of demand note, which is convertible into lawful money, and is receivable in payment of taxes. These notes are composed of the currency of the country, and the amount of each is stated as follows:—

United States notes	\$350,000,000
National bank notes	\$50,000,000
Three per cent. certificates	\$5,000,000
Fractional currency	\$2,500,000
In all	\$407,500,000

"All this currency is by law at par. By law it is either the standard of value, or may at pleasure be converted into the standard of value. It is the legal measure for all commodities, and of all debts except for those on imported goods and interest of the public debt. But in truth and in fact it is not at par with the standard money of the world. One dollar of it has only the purchasing power as seventy-four cents in gold. 'Gold'—which is real money, not the result of man's fancy, but money, the intrinsic value, recognized as such by every man in all civilized countries and in all ages of the world—gold is demonstrated by the law, cannot be collected in the courts, and like cotton or wheat, is treated as a commodity whose value is measured by what we call 'lawful money.'"

"Now it exceeds to that the first step in our investigation should be to abandon the attempt to reason from a false standard. We must, to begin with, recognize the immutability of currency, and that, there is but one par and that is the standard of the world. The records of humanity, gold and silver have been employed as the equivalent for exchanging commodities. From Solon to our day innumerable attempts have been made to substitute something else as money, but in spite of all, gold and silver have maintained their exclusive dominion in the money of mankind. The gold in the streets and in the pockets of the people, the gold in the vaults of the banks, the pieces of silver the price of the blood of our Saviour, will be current coin when the completed history of nations now rising into greatness will be folded away among the records of time."

"No nation can permanently adopt a standard of value that will not be controlled and regulated by the standard of gold. No degree of isolation, no expedient of legislation, can save any nation which maintains any intercourse with foreign nations from the operations of this same law. Like the tides of the ocean or the movements of the planets, it is beyond our jurisdiction. The higher law of the standard of value will sooner or later prevail and regulate all prices, even of commodities that do not enter into foreign exchanges. It is utterly idle for a commercial people like the United States, with a commerce of eight hundred millions annually, with citizens trading in every part of the world, and receiving annually four hundred thousand emigrants, to escape from this primary law of trade. Differing nations have tried various expedients to evade this law, but have always failed. For centuries gold and silver coins were clipped and alloyed, but it only took more time to buy a certain commodity. As long as this money did not exceed the amount of real money in the country, it operated well. It promoted exchanges, and gave activity to enterprises, and its nominal value was the same as its real value."

Gov. Boreman has been nominated by a caucus of the radical members of the West Virginia Legislature as their candidate to take the place of Mr. Van Wyck, the present incumbent.

Another Grant inauguration ball has been gotten up. Dinah and Gumbo not invited.

The radical republicans have had a meeting in Richmond, reorganized their central committee, and adopted a programme for the spring campaign. They appointed what they term "a representative committee," composed of Gov. H. H. Wells, Hon. L. H. Chandler, Gen. Williams C. Wickham, Fields Cook, G. Rye, C. M. Gibbons, Geo. Seaton, Jas. H. Clements, Alexander Sharp, James H. Platt, H. G. Bond, Charles Whittlesey, Robert Bolling, and W. W. Forbes, who are charged with the duty of representing the Republican party at Washington, before the Congress of the United States and the committee thereof.

The meeting passed a resolution providing "that a new State nominating convention be called, to assemble at Petersburg on the 9th day of March, 1869, the duty of which convention shall be to nominate candidates for State offices."

Gov. Wells, who, it is known, was nominated by the former radical convention for the gubernatorial chair, and Mr. Clements, the candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor, have agreed to withdraw in favor of the "new movement."

All other candidates for "State offices" will no doubt follow their patriotic example. The Executive Committee, in their report, say that they have adopted a blank form to secure uniformity in the applications for the removal of disabilities, and request the several county committees to recommend suitable persons for amnesty. They say: "We have adopted this method for the reason, that it seems to be the only one which is at all likely, in our judgment, to aid Congress in a wise discrimination between those whose disabilities ought to be removed, and those whose disabilities should be continued."

The said Executive Committee alone have the right to forward such applications, "and is the only body of men authorized to speak for the Republican party at Washington, and they are here by recommended to Congress as possessing the confidence of the Union element of Virginia."

The Executive Committee, under the organization, consists of the following names, Dr. G. K. Gilmer, chairman; Levi Edwin Dudley, secretary; Alex. Sharp, treasurer; Gen. W. C. Wickham, H. G. Bond, John Oliver, G. C. Cartiss, Franklin Stearns, and Geo. Rye.

Both the Fredericksburg Herald and the Charlottesville Chronicle decline to go any further with the "new movement"—the results so far being unsatisfactory. We hope soon to see all the Conservatives who have been led off from their former position, by the hope that the Committee of Nine would induce Congress to "do something" which might be acceptable to our people, will now fall into line again, and enable us to present an undivided, united front in opposition to the Underwood Constitution.—Alexandria Gazette.

The Senate Committee on Indian Affairs have agreed to report adversely on the House bill to transfer the charge of the Indians to the War Department, and will report in favor of the Senate bill to erect the Indian Bureau into a separate department, with an officer at its head who shall have a seat in the Cabinet.

Pension of Mrs. Lincoln.—In the Senate, Friday, Senator Morton reported on the Committee on Pensions, a joint resolution granting Mrs. Lincoln a pension from the death of her husband. The amount of pension is not given, but it is understood that the committee have decided that they have no power to allow her more than \$30.—National Republican.

Unsafe.—Yesterday morning it was discovered that the railroad bridge of the Washington and Alexandria Railroad Company, which is used by the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, had settled during Saturday night about six inches. The settling is near the Virginia shore.—National Intelligencer, 1st.

Washington, Jan. 29.—A writ to restrain Judge Underwood from nullifying the acts of the judiciary of Virginia, on the grounds of official ineligibility under the 14th amendment, was today issued by the Supreme Court, returnable on Friday next.

The number of velocipedes now in use in New York is about 300, and in a few months it will probably be increased to 3,000. The demand for them is so great that the manufacturers have more orders on hand than they can fill in several months.

The Memphis Appeal, 23d, reports that the Arkansas militia continue the practice of torturing prisoners, in order to extort confessions from them, the hands of three prisoners, in Marion jail having been crushed by thumb screws.

Chicago, January 30.—A bill has been passed in the lower house of the Illinois Legislature, by a vote of 73 to 9, separating the city of Chicago from Illinois and ceding it to Indiana.

Two negro hack-drivers in Warrenton publish in the Index a card pronouncing Whittlesey's statement before the Reconstruction Committee relative to them a falsehood.

Michigan has recommissioned for four years a female notary public.

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# Commonwealth.

HARRISONBURG, VA.  
Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1869.

NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE OF THIS PAPER FOR THE BENEFIT OF ADVERTISERS.

MANURE.—Have all the manure made and saved that you possibly can. Your success in farming depends upon it; by its use you secure larger and cheaper crops. It costs no more to plough and work an acre of land that will produce 50 or 75 bushels of corn, than one that will produce 10 or 20. Manure will be needed in large quantities for the garden and truck patches, and you should try and save everything available as a fertilizer.

A boy was sent by his mother to saw some stove wood out of railroad-ties. Going out doors shortly after, she found the youth sitting on a saw-horse with his head down. The mother asked her hopeful son why he didn't keep at his work. The boy replied thus: "My dear mother I find it hard, very hard, to sever old ties."

Barnum wants to get a nightmarer to exhibit at his museum. Let him eat a mince pie, three sausages, half dozen pickles, a plate of salad, and a few pig's feet at midnight, and go at once to bed. He will get one of the animals in two hours or less.

Lady Beaulieu was complaining of being awoke by a noise in the night; her lord (an Irishman) replied, "Oh, for my part, there's no disturbing me; if they don't wake me before I go to sleep, there's no waking me afterwards."

Sheep are said to be so plentiful in Australia, as to be sold by travelling butchers at a cent a pound, and in two colonies alone not less than 60,000 are boiled down each week.

The corn crop in the Northwest last season was large and of excellent quality. In many sections of Northern Illinois the yield averaged fifty bushels per acre. The abundance of this cereal favors the pork trade.

A fat sheep will produce coarser wool than if only in moderate flesh. Excessive feeding will increase the weight of the carcass, but not the fineness of the wool.

The hopping around of a Grecian bend in a ball room reminds one forcibly of a kangaroo trying to escape the attacks of sand fleas.

Grief and discontent have generally their foundation in desire, so that whoever can obtain the sovereignty over his desire, will be master of his happiness.

If thou art rich, strive to command thy money, lest he command thee; if thou know how to tie her, she is thy servant; if not thou art her slave.

"Patrick, you fool, what makes you stare after that rabbit, when your gun has no lock on it?" "Hush! hush! my darlin', the rabbit don't know that."

It is human to err, but devilish to brag on it. Blessed is he who has a good pile, and knows how to spend it.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! AT ALBERT A. WISE'S NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY, AND TOBACCO STORE.

JUST received and opened a splendid stock of NEW GOODS in my line, as follows:

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Molasses, Syrup, Fish, Rice, Starch, Soda, Cheese, such as English Dairy, Western, Pine Apple, Swiss, and Limburger.

SPICES.—Ginger, Cinnamon, Mustard, Cloves, Mace, Allspice, Pepper.

DYE-STUFFS, ETC.—Madder, Copperas, Logwood, Blue Stone, Almond, Indigo, Shoe Blacking and Brushes, Solvent, Essence of Orange.

Also, Brown Cotton, Cotton Yarn, Sole Leather, CANDLES of all kinds, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, French Chocolate, Cream Tartar, Sardines, Tomatoes, Sugar, Snuff, Matches, Essence of all kinds, NOTIONS, TOYS, and many other articles, such as are usually found in an establishment of my kind. Give me a call. Sept. 3.

Head Teeth.—A FINE assortment of Teeth, Hair and Nail Brushes, and a select assortment of Toilet articles.

COGNAC, Oil of Vitriol, and all regular DYE-STUFFS, ETC.

DR. CROOK'S Wine of Tar for Coughs, COLDS, Consumption, &c.; M. H. ELLINGER, Key, P. M. Custer, S. B. Sterling, A. B. Erick, Isaac Egan, and John J. Lewis, Lockingham.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS, an assortment of all kinds; CREAM, Notions, Spices, Oils, Patent Medicines; HALL'S Stomach Bitters, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

For sale at the highest price, at Jan 20 W. M. LOEB, Agt.

## Miscellaneous.

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Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1869.

PRINTING! PRINTING! THE OLD COMMONWEALTH Job Printing Office, JONES' AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, East Market Street, HARRISONBURG, VA.

OPPOSITE

This establishment is better prepared than ever heretofore for the rapid execution of all kinds of plain

## JOB PRINTING.

WE PRINT:

Sale Bills, Circulars, Programs, Letter Headings, Porters, Envelope Cards, Pamphlets, Business Cards, Railroad Printing, Office's Blanks, Bank Printing, Wedding Cards, Blank Notes, Checks, Receipts, Drafts, Labels, &c. &c.

AT SHORT NOTICE, IN QUICK TIME, AT LOW RATES, FOR CASH!

A fine stock of Printing Stationery, always on hand, such as Cards, white and colored, common and fine; Paper, of all sizes and qualities, and ready-cut Billheads, Envelopes, white and colored, different sizes and grades.

A CALL SOLICITED! SATISFACTION GUARANTEED!

REMEMBER THE PLACE! EAST-MARKET STREET, HARRISONBURG, VA.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to and work returned by Mail or Express.

SPECIMENS ON HAND!

ROSADALIS, THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

SCROFULA IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS.

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, KIDNEYS, UTERUS, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, Eruptions of the Skin, GOUT, &c., &c., &c.

SYPHILIS IN ALL ITS FORM.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Back, Impediment in Life, Gravel, GENERAL BAD HEALTH.

And all the diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys & Bladder.

IT IS A PERFECT RENOVATOR!

ROSADALIS eradicates every kind of humor and bad habit, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

It is perfectly HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

IT IS NOT A SECRET QUACK REMEDY! The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle.

RECOMMENDED BY THE MEDICAL FACULTY, AND MANY THOUSANDS OF OUR BEST CITIZENS!

For testimonials of remarkable cures, see the "Rosadalis" Almanac for this year.

PREPARED ONLY BY DR. J. J. LAWRENCE & CO., 222 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE! July 15, 1868.

ENTER'S SURE CURE

Has never yet failed to cure the severest cases of Cholera, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Stomachic, Summer Complaint, Biliousness, Indigestion, &c. Manufactured by W. M. ELLIS & CO., SHEPHERDSTOWN, VA. Price 50 cents per bottle. Full directions on each bottle. See circular. Sold everywhere. No cure, no pay. Every person should keep it constantly on hand. For sale by L. H. OTT, Druggist, Harrisonburg, Va. [J115-2]

H. T. WARTMANN, AGENT FOR CHAS. M. STEFF'S

Is Premium Grand and Square Pianos, OF BALTIMORE, MD.

Our new scale Grand Action Piano, with the Affrage Treble, has been pronounced by the best Amateurs and Professors to be the best Piano now manufactured.

We warrant them for five years, with the privilege of exchanging within 12 months if not satisfactory to the purchaser.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS, from \$50 to \$300, and PIANO ORGANS always on hand.

By permission we refer to the following gentlemen who have used our Pianos in case: Gen. Robert E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robert Ransom, Wilmington N. C.; M. H. Ellinger, Key, P. M. Custer, S. B. Sterling, A. B. Erick, Isaac Egan, and John J. Lewis, Lockingham.

[April 22, 1868-19]

HARRISONBURG SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

We have on hand all sizes of WINDOW CASES, PANEL DOORS, BLINDS, SHUTTERS, FLOORING, BRACKETS, BOLLARDS, and in short every article needed to build and complete houses.

We have on hand all kinds of TURNING, such as Columns, Railings, &c. We are also prepared to work W. M. GROVE.

Woolen Goods, of all descriptions, WM. LOEB, Agt.

## Mechanical.

HARRISONBURG, VA.  
Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1869.

IRON FOUNDRY. 1868. 1869. P. BRADLEY & CO. At the old stand, Southwestern end of Harrisonburg, on the Warm Springs Turnpike, prepared to make all kinds of CASTINGS, MILL CASTINGS & MACHINERY, FLOW CASTINGS, Sugar-Cane Mills, and in fact almost any kind of GENERAL FOUNDRY WORK.

Our experience being extensive, having conducted the business of Iron Foundry for years, we can guarantee good work at satisfactory rates.

We still manufacture and keep constantly on hand the celebrated LIVINGSTON PLOW, which is acknowledged, on all hands, to be the best adapted to this country, and will furnish them to our customers, either on good terms as they can be had anywhere else.

FINISHING! We have in operation at our establishment, a FIRST CLASS LATHE, and are prepared to do all kinds of IRON FINISHING in the very best manner.

Country Produce taken in exchange for work.

Farmers, Mill-owners and others give us a call, we will endeavor to give satisfaction.

P. BRADLEY, J. WILSON, Jan 1869.

HAGERSTOWN FOUNDRY.

STOVES, "Empire Cook," (three size) Dining Room Cook, Stove, etc. etc. etc. (five size).

Hornley Mills, Mill Gearing, Iron Rolling, Castings, Job Work.

Particular attention is called to our Family Rolling Mill, the only one in use.

IRON for the Celebrated Mule Saw furnished in Complete Sets. This saw will cut 4,500 Feet of Lumber per Day.

All kinds of Gearing put up in the best manner.

CRIST, SAW AND PLANING MILL, AND AGENTS FOR THE

Kindelberger Water Wheel. McDOWELL & BACHTEL, Hagerstown, Md.

CRICKENBERGER & HOOKMAN, Cabinet-Makers & Undertakers.

Respectfully inform the customers of A. H. HOOKMAN & CO., and the community generally, that they have taken charge of the establishment occupied by the old firm of HOOKMAN & CO., and more recently by A. H. HOOKMAN & CO., on the street leading to Woodbine Cemetery, in Harrisonburg, where they are now engaged in carrying on the Cabinet Making business in all its branches. We will give special attention to

UNDERTAKING.

As agents for the sale of FRANK'S METALLIC BURIAL CASES, we are prepared, at all moments, to furnish, to the reasonable rates.

Country Produce taken in exchange for work, either Undertaking or Cabinet work.

CRICKENBERGER & HOOKMAN, Jan 24.

BLACKSMITHING. NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP!

THE undersigned having recently located in Harrisonburg, for the purpose of carrying on the Blacksmithing business, he would announce to the citizens of the town and county that they are prepared to do all kind of work in their line at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. We can repair Thrashing Machines, Engines, Drills, and in fact, any kind of Agricultural Machinery. We will also do all kinds of work in the repair of Plows, and will make new wrought Shears or mow ones. Mill Gearing can be repaired and new made. Mill Gearing can be repaired and new made. Mill Gearing can be repaired and new made.

We have in our employ one of the best Horse Shavers in the county. Our motto is to do work QUICK AND WELL. All we ask is a trial.

Country produce taken in exchange for work. Shop on Main street, a few doors North of the Lathers. CHAS. B. JONES & SON, Sept. 9, 1868.

JONES & McALLISTER, ARCHITECT & BUILDERS, HARRISONBURG, VA.

Respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. They are prepared to do all work in the HOUSE CARPENTERS' line, and JOINING, and all other work in carpentry, neatness and dispatch. Our prices for work shall not be higher than the prices charged by other good workmen in town. We are prepared to do any kind of work for the public at reasonable rates.

"Thanks" for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same.

April 8-ly. JONES & McALLISTER.

A. HOOKMAN, ARCHITECT & BUILDERS, HARRISONBURG, VA.

Will attend to all work entrusted to him in Rockingham or adjoining counties. [Jc 24-ly.]

SADDLERY & HARNESS

I would announce to the citizens of Rockingham and adjoining counties, that I have recently refitted and enlarged my

SADDLERY ESTABLISHMENT, Main street, nearly opposite Scanlon's Hotel, Harrisonburg, Va., and am fully prepared to do all kinds of plain and fancy work in all its branches, at the shortest notice and upon reasonable terms. The special attention of the LADIES is called to my make of

SIDE SADDLES.

Having had much experience in this branch of the business, I feel satisfied that I can please them. All I ask is that the public will give me a call and examine my stock and work before purchasing.

I tender my thanks for past patronage and respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., HARRISONBURG, VA.

Would inform the public generally that he has removed his shop to the old chair-making shop formerly occupied by N. Sprenkle & Brothers, at the corner of Main and Second streets, and is now engaged in carrying on his business in all its branches. He pays special attention to putting up all kinds of iron work for Mills, and would call particular attention to his

CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS, which can be had upon good terms, as they can be had anywhere else. He also repairs and repairs, promptly and well, all kinds of machinery, March 7, 1866.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD SCALES.

STANDARD SCALES.

STANDARD SCALES.

FAIRBANKS & CO., 245 West Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, Md.

R. E. TRA'K, Weigh Lock, Depot, Harb, Co., Cor. Duane and Market Streets, Platters, Counter, Union, Family, Butcher's, Druggist's, Jeweller's and Bank Scales.

Over one hundred modifications, adapted to every branch of business, where a correct and desirable scale is required.

620-y E. H. GILMAN, Agent.

## Education.

HARRISONBURG, VA.  
Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1869.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO YOUNG MEN OF THE SOUTH! EVERY YOUNG MAN IN THE SOUTH Should now prepare himself thoroughly and practically for business, by attending the

BEST Business College IN THE UNITED STATES: THE OLD ESTABLISHED SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE, AND NATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE, Corner of Baltimore and Charles streets, BALTIMORE, MD.

This Institution was founded in 1852, and is the only incorporated Business College in the State of Maryland, and the only one in this country which is carrying out a perfect system of

ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE.

No Actual or Manuscript Text Books are used in our Actual Business Department.

Every Student becomes a real MERCHANT, BOOKKEEPER, BANKER and BUSINESS MAN, engaging in all the various operations of Finance and Trade, and becoming conversant with the principles of Importing, &c. &c., originating and recording his own transactions, the same as in actual business.

We have the most extensive and elegantly furnished establishment of the kind anywhere to be found.

Three thousand dollars having been recently expended in the Actual Business Department alone, in the erection of our splendid Banks, Businesshouses, Office, through system of

All the desks and tables in the College have been manufactured (to order) of solid black walnut.

Students in attendance from all the Southern and Middle States.

Every young man should write immediately for a prospectus of this College, containing a full and complete description of the system of instruction, and a list of the various operations of Finance and Trade, and becoming conversant with the principles of Importing, &c. &c., originating and recording his own transactions, the same as in actual business.

Address, including three cent stamps, to E. K. LOEB, Principal, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 20-y

Go to the best YOUNG MEN

no one desires to prepare themselves for business without attending to the

DRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE

No. 8 North Charles Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

The most complete and thoroughly equipped College of Business in the country, and the only one in the State of Maryland, and the only one in this country which is carrying out a perfect system of

ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE.

According to the facilities of a practical Business Education, by means of banks representing money, and all the forms of business paper, such as Notes, Drafts, &c., to the student, with the necessary Office to represent the principal departments of

COURSE OF STUDY.

The curriculum of study and practice in this Institution is the result of many years of experience, and is a combination of business talent to be found in no other college in the country.

BOOK-KEEPING, IN ALL ITS DEPARTMENTS AND APPLICATIONS.

COMMERCIAL LAW, TELEGRAPHING, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC.

SPENCERIAN BUSINESS WRITING, With incidental instruction in the principles of POLITICAL ECONOMY.

And thorough training in BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE.

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time, as there are no vacations. Special individual instruction to all students.

THE CELEBRATED

PAYSON DUNTON'S SYSTEM OF

Officially adopted and used in a Institution, and as unassurably by ANY IN THE MARKET.

Five kinds. Samples for 20 cents.

Per Gross, \$150. Quarter Gross Boxes, 50 cts.

Prepaid to any address.

No. 238, fine smooth points, adapted to school purposes and general writing.

No. 25, The National Pen. Medium points, for common use.

No. 8, The Ladies' Pen. Very fine and elastic. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 11, The Excelsior Pen. Smooth points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 7, The Business Pen. Large size, coarse points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 12, The Excelsior Pen. Large size, coarse points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 13, The Excelsior Pen. Large size, coarse points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 14, The Excelsior Pen. Large size, coarse points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 15, The Excelsior Pen. Large size, coarse points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

No. 16, The Excelsior Pen. Large size, coarse points. For Card writing, and all other fine writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.

## Literary.

HARRISONBURG, VA.  
Wednesday Morning, Feb. 4, 1869.

GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICE! Daily Dispatch, 50 Cts. Semi-Weekly Dispatch, 20 Cts. Weekly Dispatch, 10 Cts.

The great increase in the circulation of the DISPATCH enables us to offer it to our subscribers for the next twelve months at the following reduced rates:

Daily Dispatch. One copy per year, 50 Cts. Three or more copies per year, each, 40 Cts.

Semi-Weekly Dispatch. One copy per year, 20 Cts. Five copies, addressed to each subscriber, 80 Cts.

Weekly Dispatch. One copy per year, 10 Cts. Ten copies, addressed to each subscriber, 100 Cts.

RATES TO CLUBS FOR TWELVE MONTHS: Single copy, 50 Cts. Five copies, addressed to each subscriber, 200 Cts.

Five copies, addressed to one person at P. O. 70 Cts. Ten copies, addressed to one person at P. O. 120 Cts.

Twenty copies, addressed to one person at P. O. 200 Cts.

And larger clubs at last named rates.

THE NEW AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT of the Semi-Weekly and Weekly Dispatch is itself more than the subscription price.

Everything of interest to the Planter, Farmer, Stock raiser, Dairyman, and all who are engaged in Agriculture, will be found in the DISPATCH.

The money may accompany every order. Remittances may be made at our risk in drafts, payable on order, or by registered letter.

Specimen copies of any of our editions sent on application.

Address, to the DISPATCH, SEMI-WEEKLY, or WEEKLY DISPATCH, address, COWARDIN & ELYSON, Richmond, Virginia.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE WORLD! ONE THOUSAND PAGES!

Fourteen Splendid Steel Plates! 12 Colored Fashion Plates!

12 Colored Fashion Plates! 12 Colored Fashion Plates!

Nine Hundred Wood Cuts! Twenty Four Pages of Music!

ALL FOR ONLY \$2.00 A YEAR!

or a dollar less than any Magazine of the class of "Petersen's." Its thrilling Tales and Novels are written by the most popular writers in the world.

It is published by "Petersen's," in 1869, in addition to its usual quantity of short stories, and a full and complete course of instruction, given by "Mary Antoinette's" Tullahoma, by Mrs. N. S. Stephens. "The History of Woodstock," by Mrs. N. S. Stephens. "The History of Woodstock," by Mrs. N. S. Stephens.

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