

A Conversation about Land Cancellation and Release with H. Murphey “Murf” McCloy, Stevens [from page 11]

1. The Handheld Standoff Mine Detection System, or HSTAMIDS, is the U.S. Army’s dual-sensor, handheld detector that combines an electromagnetic induction sensor and ground-penetrating radar to detect landmines. <http://tinyurl.com/hstamids>. Accessed 22 July 2009.
2. IMAS 08.20: *Land Release*, Draft First Edition, New York, NY. (10 June 2009). <http://tinyurl.com/ktrnbb>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
3. IMAS 04.10: *Glossary of Mine Action Terms, Definitions and Abbreviations*, Second Edition, United Nations Mine Action Service (1 January 2003). <http://tinyurl.com/3vzbw5>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
4. IMAS 08.21: *Non-technical Survey*, Draft First Edition, UNMAS (10 June 2009). <http://tinyurl.com/ns5ogp>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
5. IMAS 08.22: *Technical Survey*, Draft First Edition, UNMAS (10 June 2009). <http://tinyurl.com/nvf875>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
6. IMAS 09.10: *Clearance Requirements*, Second Edition, UNMAS (1 January 2003). <http://tinyurl.com/qhsj7v>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
7. “Applying all Available Methods to Achieve the Full, Efficient and Expedient Implementation of Article 5.” Resource Utilization Contact Group (30 May 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/ktsz2o>. Accessed 21 July 2009.

Survey and Land Release: Lessons from Recent Country Experience, Downs [from page 18]

1. NPA–Angola, “Land Release Concept Paper,” internal document, 2008: 9.
2. The mean number of mines found per hectare treated by Technical Survey or clearance, however, has fluctuated more widely, and in one case it was actually lower in 2005 and 2007 than it had been prior to the introduction of Technical Survey. This suggests that while Technical Survey has improved the narrowing of limits on the actual mined areas cleared, General Survey may have become less effective and now includes larger areas for Technical Survey than it left previously for clearance. <http://www.npaid.org/>. Accessed 8 July 2009.
3. *GICHD Publication No. 64: A Guide to Land Release: Non-technical Methods*. Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining, Geneva, Switzerland (November 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/nmevzl>. Accessed 8 July 2009.
4. A higher concentration of mines reflects improved targeting of clearance assets.
5. Fewer tasks without finding any mines reflects improved release of non-mined areas and better targeting of clearance of mined areas.
6. *International Mine Action Standards*. United Nations Mine Action Service. <http://tinyurl.com/imas8>. Accessed 8 July 2009.

Is it Time for New Terminology in Land Release and Technical Survey?, Keeley [from page 25]

1. IMAS 08.20: *Technical Survey*, Second Edition, United Nations Mine Action Service, New York, NY (1 January 2003). <http://tinyurl.com/c48fnt>. Accessed 22 July 2009.
2. A list is effective when it is (a) exhaustive (i.e., contains everything) and (b) mutually exclusive (i.e., when an item can only appear in one category in the list). The list at Table 1 fulfills both these criteria.

Land-release Policies and Human-security Complexities, Björk [from page 29]

1. Munro-Faure, L., Munrou-Faure, M. and Bones, E. (1995). *Achieving the New International Quality Standards* (London, Pitman Publishing). <http://tinyurl.com/l8lyxm>. Accessed 14 July 2009.
2. Jaynes, J. (2002). *Risk Management* (Oxford, Butterworth-Heinemann). <http://tinyurl.com/mbd4wn>. Accessed 14 July 2009.
3. *GICHD Publication No. 64: A Guide to Land Release: Non-technical Methods*. Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining, Geneva, Switzerland (November 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/nmevzl>. Accessed 8 July 2009.
4. *ISO 9000* is a family of management-system standards by the International Organization for Standardization concerning quality management. *ISO 9000* outlines an organization’s responsibility to implement “the customer’s quality requirements and applicable regulatory requirements, while aiming to enhance customer satisfaction and achieve continual improvement of its performance in pursuit of these objectives.” *ISO 9000* and *ISO 1400*: International Organization for Standardization. (2009). <http://tinyurl.com/2ely7u>. Accessed 14 July 2009.
5. Barakat, S. (ed). (2005). *After the Conflict* (New York, Palgrave MacMillan). <http://tinyurl.com/kjhx7a>. Accessed 14 July 2009.

Gender and Land Release: The Responsibility of the Mine-action Community, Nilsson, Rozès, García [from page 34]

1. The World Bank, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, and the International Fund for Agricultural Development: *UN Gender in Agriculture Sourcebook*, Washington, D.C. (2009). <http://tinyurl.com/nbr2v>. Accessed 31 July 2009.
2. Rural Development Institute: “When Women Own Land, We All Benefit” (fact sheet). <http://tinyurl.com/klhwt2>. Accessed 29 July 2009.
3. *UNHCR Handbook for the Protection of Women and Girls*, Geneva, (January 2008): 9,330. <http://tinyurl.com/lleSeg>. Accessed 29 July 2009.
4. *GICHD Publication No. 64: A Guide to Land Release: Non-technical Methods*. Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining, Geneva, Switzerland (November 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/nmevzl>. Accessed 8 July 2009.

5. IMAS 08.20: *Land Release*, First Edition, United Nations Mine Action Service (10 June 2009). <http://tinyurl.com/ktrnbb>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
6. *Report of the Special Rapporteur on Violence against Women*, “Integration of the Human Rights of Women and the Gender Perspective: Violence against Women,” E/CN.4/2000/68 (January 2003). <http://tinyurl.com/ms7st7>. Accessed July 29 2009.

Clearing Areas Right; Clearing the Right Areas, Bach [from page 46]

1. “IMAS: What’s New” (June 2009). *International Mine Action Standards*. <http://tinyurl.com/o5r7o2>. Accessed 21 July 2009.

Could Local Agricultural Machines Make a Country ‘Impact Free’ by 2010?, Cepolina and Zoppi [from page 52]

1. Vadim. “Hunger to Replace Energy Crisis.” *Neueurasia*. (March 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/cqxxzv>. Accessed 13 May 2009.
2. Iacobucci, Andrew. “Tajikistan: Almost One-Third of the Population is in Danger of Going Hungry This Winter.” *Eurasia Insight*. (7 October 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/4hello>. Accessed 11 May 2009.
3. IMAS 08.20: *Land Release*, Draft First edition, United Nations Mine Action Service, New York, NY (10 June 2009). <http://tinyurl.com/ktrnbb>. Accessed 21 July 2009.
4. IMAS 09.10: *Clearance Requirements*, Second Edition, UNMAS, New York, NY (1 January 2009). <http://tinyurl.com/qhsj7v>. Accessed 11 May 2009.
5. *GICHD Publication No. 64: A Guide to Land Release: Non-technical Methods*. Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining, Geneva, Switzerland (November 2008). <http://tinyurl.com/nmevzl>. Accessed 8 July 2009.
6. *Mechanical Demining Equipment Catalogue 2008*. Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining. <http://tinyurl.com/lgkve3>. Accessed 14 July 2009.
7. Cepolina, E.E., C. Bruschini, and K. De Bruyn (2004). *Field Survey Results*. EUEM2 internal publication. <http://tinyurl.com/d5phol>. Accessed 12 May 2009.
8. Smith, A.V. (2009). *Generic SOPs*. <http://tinyurl.com/c79w85>. Accessed 13 May 2009.
9. “Farm Machinery and Primary Processing.” National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) (2007). <http://tinyurl.com/cvmt65>. Accessed 12 May 2009.
10. According to NABARD, this is the estimated power needed to significantly improve agricultural activities in India.
11. Cepolina, E.E. (2006). “Power Tillers and Snails for Demining in Sri Lanka.” *Journal of Mine Action*, Issue 10.1. (Summer 2006: 76–79). Available at <http://tinyurl.com/ma6jny>. Accessed 12 July 2009.
12. Kostzowski, S., R.D. Apputhanthri, J. Masood, and E. E. Cepolina. “Portable Mechatronic System for Demining Applications: Control Unit Design and Development.” *Proceedings of the International Symposium on Humanitarian Demining 2007 – Mechanical Demining*, 24–27. (April 2007). Sibenik, Croatia. Available at <http://tinyurl.com/mftt99>. Accessed 12 July 2009.
13. Eriksson, D. (2008). “Total Quality Management in Mine Action.” *Journal of Mine Action*, Issue 12.1. (Summer 2008: 80–83). Available at <http://tinyurl.com/mj9ja2>. Accessed 12 July 2009.
14. “Bosnia and Herzegovina.” *Landmine Monitor Report 2008*. <http://tinyurl.com/m4zc6b>. Accessed 14 July 2009.
15. *Earth Trends: Environmental Information*. World Resource Institute (WRI). (2007). Washington, D.C. <http://earthtrends.wri.org>. Accessed 12 May 2009.

Reflections from the Field: Lao PDR, Surveys and Land Release, Pritchard [from page 57]

1. This was a Non-technical Survey team, collecting and analyzing new and extant information on the specific hazard area.
2. Polygons are a geo-spatial visual representation on a map of specific areas of interest, such as minefields or suspected areas containing UXO.
3. The 80/20 Rule, also known as the Pareto Principle, states that 80 percent of effects should be credited to 20 percent of causes.

Land Cancellation and Release, Mavlonkulov [from page 59]

1. Davlyatova, Shahriniso. “Gender in Mine Action: The Tajikistan Experience.” *The Journal of ERW and Mine Action*, Issue 12.2 (Winter 2008: 36-37). <http://tinyurl.com/mukcna>. Accessed 29 July 2009.