

Five Minutes with the News of the Day

Our latest advices from Richmond, which we make up from the State of Tuesday evening, give the following as the situation of affairs:

The senate session yesterday was, as usual, stormy but not decisive.

Mr. Walker offered the following resolution: Resolved, That the House of Delegates concur in the resolution of the General Assembly...

The House of Delegates concurred, changing the day however to the 23d. The Senate resolution was carried, by Mr. Hale going over to the Mahoneites.

Mr. Newberry made the point that nothing was in order but the original resolution offered by him some days ago and just laid on the table.

The resolution lies over one day. A lengthy protest against certain rulings of the Chair was presented by Mr. Hurt, which declined.

"To all of which said rulings of the presiding officer of this body we protest, as contrary to all parliamentary law and usage and the rules of this body, and utterly subversive of the rights of senators and of the people, especially in so far as the right of appeal is arbitrarily denied, and ask that this our protest be entered upon the Journal."

(Signed by) John L. Hurt, H. D. Twyman, Henry Weston, Absalom Kother, William Lovenshine, J. C. Wingfield, Fredrickman, P. L. Smith, J. Singleton, Dickerson, T. Lovell, Paul C. Engleton, Frank Fletcher, H. A. Atkinson, Jr.

The Governor has vetoed the anti-dueling law recently passed. The election of Auditor will be proceeded with on Thursday, if nothing else happens in the meantime. The dead-lock appears now to be broken.

Gov. Lewis is in the chair and gives the casting vote every time for the benefit of the Mahone wing.

248 German immigrants arrived at Baltimore on Monday. Yesterday, 23d, was the 150th anniversary of Washington's birthday.

The Russian Jewish relief fund of the Mayor of London now amounts to £50,000. Rents are advancing in New York city. Business is encroaching on residence streets.

The Virginia State Grange closed its annual session at Alexandria on Saturday night with a banquet. The collections of the Richmond State for the sufferers by the Middleton disaster amount to about \$3,900.

Mrs. Ann M. Mealey died in Baltimore on Saturday last, aged 82 years. She was from New Kent county, Va. Destination to a large extent is said to prevail in a portion of Arkansas and the Red River Valley, owing to bad crops last year.

J. B. Ficklin & Sons, manufacturers of the celebrated Bridgewater Family Flour, of Rich Creek, Va., have suspended. Liabilities \$130,000. The President has pardoned Mary Love and Sarah McDowell, confined in the Westmoreland county (Va.) jail, for making false affidavits in a pension case.

High waters causing overflows in the Valley of Mississippi are doing immense damage. In some parts the River is said to be from fifteen to twenty miles wide.

In the New Jersey House of Representatives resolutions were adopted expressing sympathy for the imprisoned Irish-Americans in Ireland and the persecuted Jews in Russia.

News, Va., Feb. 20.—In court at Jerusalem to-day the grand jury found a true bill against the defendants charged with the murder of the two clerks at Prince's store in Southampton county.

Miss Alma Flournoy, sister of T. H. Flournoy, ex-scholar of Chesterfield county, Va., was accidentally killed on Saturday, by the upsetting of a wagon. She was returning home from Manchester at the time of the accident.

The gyster war has ended and the captured prisoners turned over to the sheriff of Matthews county, and the captured vessels and cargoes taken to Norfolk. The property taken will be confined to the proceeds going to the State. The marauders from Maryland and other States escaped, and only Virginia depredators on the oyster fisheries were captured.

Mayor King, of Philadelphia, has received the following dispatch from J. M. Brown, of Galveston, Texas: "I am informed that a vessel with 500 Jewish families on board, which left Russia on account of persecution, is expected to arrive in Philadelphia. Through you I offer one hundred acres of land in Motley county, Texas, to each family which will settle on the same."

A Washington dispatch says: Gen. Logan's bill to put Gen. Grant on the retired list of the army, which was up in the Senate Monday, will, it is believed, pass, although a majority of both houses are known to be opposed to it in their hearts, realizing as they do that no free people have ever showed such substantial rewards upon a successful military chieftain as the American people have bestowed upon Gen. Grant.

When the divorce case of Katherine Class Sprague against William Sprague was called in the Supreme Court at Kingston, R. I., Monday, counsel on both sides retired for consultation, and when they returned they notified the court that there was no necessity for fixing a day for trial. It is understood that Mrs. Sprague's petition for a divorce will not be contested by her husband, and that she will be given the custody of her three daughters, while the son will remain with the father.

A telegram from Richmond, dated February 20, says: It is understood that holders of Virginia bonds intend to contest in the courts the validity of recent acts of the General Assembly in the settlement of State debts, and that, with that end in view, Wm. L. Royal, Esq., formerly of Richmond and now of New York, has been employed by English bondholders to institute necessary legal proceedings. Mr. Royal is now in this city making preparations for contest. The fight will be made against the two bills known as the "coupon bill," as well as the "Riddleberger debt bill."

In the United States Senate Monday the re-appointment bill passed by the House was favorably reported from the caucus committee. Mr. Call introduced a resolution favoring a congress of representatives from the governments of North, South and Central America. The bill to return Gen. Grant led to a debate, which was participated in by Messrs. Logan, Vest, Butler and others. In the House Mr. Randall introduced a bill providing that all public buildings shall be constructed of material found in the State where the buildings are to be erected. The bill to encourage the efficiency of the life-saving service was passed, as was also the bill relating to the Chinese indentured labor.

It begins to look as if Mahone is as good a disorganizer as he is reputed to be an organizer.

The Massey hiatus has had the effect of measurably "taming the shrew" of the Richmond Whig.

The more the Mahone organs pounded Massey the stronger he became, and it looks now as if the Parson was holding the coalition skunk up by the tail.

As the days roll away and the legislative session draws to a close, it begins to dawn on the members that there are not enough offices to supply all of the "faithful," and many coalitions find themselves "in a devil of a fix."

Elsewhere we give accounts of the harmonious love feasts of the coalitions which are held daily in the Senate chamber at Richmond. The Whig suppresses much of these reports, hence its readers know but little of the "true inwardness" of things at the State capital.

Mrs. Scoville, sister to Guiteau, the assassin, has written a letter to Mrs. Garfield on behalf of the condemned prisoner. No one but a Guiteau would have been guilty of such a deed, as to appeal to the widow of the murdered President to intercede to save the assassin's neck. Mrs. Garfield declined very properly to interfere or answer the letter, further than leave the assassin to the mercy of God and the American people.

The Philadelphia Times some time ago predicted that Riddleberger and Cameron would "cut loose from Mahone and come to the front as Democratic leaders about 1884." Since that prediction was made we have watched to see if there was any indication of such an event, but have made no encouraging discoveries yet. As a Democrat Harry has been too straight, always leaned back. Now he appears to us to be bent—for the Republican camp.

All true Virginians will read with deep sorrow of the death of Captain Hamp Chamberlayne, the talented senior editor of the Richmond State and valuable citizen. No man was more keenly alive to the welfare of his State and none more devoted in her service. Brave and fearless, yet modest and graceful as a maiden, his keen lance was always ready poised to strike the traitor heart on evil bent. All men admired him for his virtues, and Virginia's tears will consecrate the grave of this young but noble son.

Isn't it time that that address "to the Republicans of Virginia," from the Rep. State Central Committee, was out? As it is to contain "a review of the work of the Legislature," it will be an interesting document, if the R. S. C. C. has the manliness and honesty to tell the truth about that "sbelong, in the review aforesaid. But as Mahone holds the R. S. C. C. up by the tail we have but little hope of any review, except such as may be likened unto a whitewashed suppleher: "beautiful without but full of corruption within."

First we hear that the coalitionists of the legislature talk of adjourning to keep the party from falling to pieces; then again it is announced that the legislative bodies are so far behind with legislation that an extra session will be necessary. After quarreling all winter over all the offices, from United States Senator down to constables and district school trustees, the patriots should be called in extra sessions in order that the "faithful" may be rewarded with an extra draw from the treasury of \$180 each. As it is likely to be the last time Virginians will disgrace their State Capitol with such an assemblage as the present legislature, the members had better get all they can now.

On the 14th the Senate passed a bill ousting the directors and officers of the Western, Eastern and Central Lunatic Asylums on 1st day of March, 1882, by a vote of ayes 20, noes 13. Senator Koiner offered an amendment intended to allow the appointment of new directors but not to vacate the offices of Superintendent, nurses, stewards, &c., which was rejected by a party vote.

The Senator Lovell offered the following amendment: Provided, That this act shall not be construed to impair the obligations of any contracts which may have been entered into between the officers of the Western, Eastern and Central Lunatic Asylums and the present Board of Directors. This was voted down by the same party vote.

Resolutions Proposed by Mr. Newberry, adopted to Return to His Post of duty at Washington. (Richmond Dispatch, 17th.)

Mr. Newberry offered the following: Whereas the people of Virginia have by their votes shown their confidence in the ability of their senators and representatives to perform their legislative duties without the interference with or dictation of the General Assembly by any other officer or representative of the State, whether such dictation be direct or indirect, is a reflection upon its honesty, intelligence, and independence; and whereas the election of General William Mahone to the Senate of the United States indicated the belief that the State of Virginia needed his services in that body; and whereas our said Senator has absented himself from the sessions of the Senate almost continuously from the commencement of its present session; and whereas his protracted absence from his post of duty and his presence in the city of Richmond gives plausibility to the belief that he is here for the purpose of dictating to the Legislature and controlling its legislation; therefore,

Resolved, That General William Mahone be, and he is hereby, requested to return to and remain at his post of duty in the Senate of the United States; and that a copy of this preamble and resolution be sent to our said Senator by the clerk of this body.

[A lively discussion followed, and some pretty strong feeling was exhibited. Of course the resolutions could not pass both houses, hence they are only the record of a shameful truth.—En.]

WASHINGTON LETTER.

POLITICAL GOSSIP—JOURNALISTIC IMAGININGS—THE STATE ROOM CASES RESPOND TO THE EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21, 1882. So placid has been the political sea, since the beginning of President Arthur's administration, that those journalists who thrive on sensation have been sorely put to their wits to raise artificial tempests, and hatch dire and dreadful plots from hot imaginations.

The success of the Mahone movement in Virginia, and the consequent encouragement it has given to political "readjusters" in other States, has, it is said, infected prominent political leaders of both parties here, who hope for nothing less than to carry the next presidential election through the medium of the "readjusters" and what are called progressive Democrats.

The plan, according to imagination journalists, is to widen, as far as possible, the breach that has been made between President Arthur and Mr. Blaine, and to keep that latter in the foreground of public attention, and to make him the pivot of American politics. Mr. Blaine, it is argued, will draw from the Republican party the host that championed him in 1876 and in 1880 which, with New York and the Solid South, is counted upon to carry him to the White House.

The combination contemplates a Democrat on the ticket as Vice-President, who, guessers say, will be Senator Voorhees. It is of course, altogether premature to discuss the presidential election of 1884 now, and I give you this only as a matter of general interest; but we have seen so many political surprises in the last fifteen years, that those interested in the future no longer confine their speculations to the probable, but also to the possible, or may be, to the impossible, in the words of Hugo says: "nothing is more imminent."

What is here called the fashionable season will terminate on the 22d inst., which is the beginning of Lent. Washington society, in its higher circles, is largely composed of Army and Navy people, who are in the habit of attending the Catholic and Episcopal churches. These denominations are very scrupulous in their observance of Lent, and through military and naval society, they set the fashions for all the innumerable inferior grades. With the cessation of the observance of fasts, receptions and dances will cease, and society will take itself to church fairs, and entertainments which have an avowed religious objective. But, as is well known, the real objective of society is marriage or flirtation, and the former will be successful for the reason that they promote the association that facilitates these ends almost as well as balls. To see and be seen is the real object of youth, and it is difficult to tell, except by ocular analysis, where youth ends and matrimony begins.

What can form a man's opinion from data of life and action. The grand jury has at last voted in favor of presenting all persons whose names have been prominent in connection with the Star Korte cases, and the attorneys are at work framing indictments upon the grand jury. The names of Brady, Ex-Senator Dorsey, his brother, and brother-in-law are among those that have been presented, but the list comprises a dozen more. They will be tried before Judge Richmond, who has the judge in the recent Guiteau trial.

The Solid Six. SENATORS WALKER AND MAYO GO WITH THE BIG POPE. (State of Saturday 18th inst.)

The situation at the Capitol to-day is made more exciting and interesting by the news that Senator Walker, who is in the city, is expected to return to-day, and to be seized with a chill. After laying down on the lounge for an hour he left for home and went to bed, from which he never arose, his disease developing into pneumonia of a most acute form during the night.

When the joint order having for the purpose the election of Auditor of Public Accounts and the officers came up, Senator Newberry offered an amendment striking out the office of Auditor. This provoked a spirited discussion. Senator Newberry spoke in favor of his amendment, and was followed by Senators Mayo and Walker, who announced themselves in favor of the amendment. The ground given by the last-named new recruits to Mr. Massey's forces was that a cloud was hanging over Mr. Massey's head by reason of the investigation by a Senate Committee into the charges made by Senator Riddleberger.

The hour for the consideration of the special order having arrived, the same was announced by the President. On motion of Senator Elliott all of the special orders were passed by.

Interest continued to be manifested in the Massey-Mahone fight now going on in the Legislature, but the crowd in attendance was not so large to-day. The Readjusters, although they had fixed up their caucus last night, and had arranged for the Supreme Court judges, deemed it prudent to go into the business, and so the caucus really did nothing. The Big Four were not present, and other leading Massey men were away.

The Oyster War. [Norfolk Virginian.] The militia companies of this city, organized last Thursday last by Gov. Cameron, to assist the civil authorities against Mathews and Middlesex counties against the illegal operations of the predatory oyster dredgers in the Rappahannock river, arrived on their return yesterday afternoon.

The steamer Victoria J. Reed, which had been chartered and came made by the Company to carry a part of the troops, made a landing at the Boston wharf at half-past 5 p. m., yesterday, and the Louisiana, the steamer which carried the remainder of the militia, about half an hour later.

The members of the Norfolk City Guard, Capt. C. A. Nash, and the Norfolk Light Artillery Blues, Capt. James W. Gilmer, were not long in getting ashore, and the commands from each vessel formed on the wharf and marched to their respective armories, where they were disbanded after nearly forty-eight hours of continuous and meritorious service.

The Governor and the military arrived in their vessels at the mouth of the Rappahannock river about 4 o'clock on Saturday morning, and proceeded soon after to business. A volley of musketry and a solid shot sent across the bows of the oyster vessels in sight made them surrender in short order. The oyster boats that escaped had gone up the river the previous evening, only one being under oar, and run, but after a chase of seventeen miles was captured. The prisoners are now in Matthews county jail, and will be tried by Judge Leonard C. Bristol presiding.

Six oysterers and one oyster were captured. The money result of the captures is estimated at from \$15,000 to \$20,000. Governor Cameron deserves much credit for his promptness in protecting the State's oyster beds.

General Commissioner of Sales.

The Readjuster legislative caucus has approved of the bill introduced by Col. Ledy, to create the office of General Commissioner of Sales for the counties and cities of the State, it will doubtless pass in the form in which it was introduced, and we give below its provisions.

It provides for the appointment by the Governor of a general commissioner of sales for each county and city in the State, whose term of office shall be for four years, beginning on the 1st day of July, 1882. The duties of the office are defined as follows:

The general commissioner shall sell all real estate decreed and ordered to be sold by the court in the county for which he was appointed; and it shall not be necessary for the court to issue an order or decree, to authorize and empower him so to do; but without reference to him in terms in any such order or decree of sale, it shall by his duty, *virtute officii*, to execute the same. He shall collect and disburse the proceeds of sales as may be directed by the court, and no one else shall be empowered to do except when the commissioner's relation to parties interested in sales, and his relation to subjects of sales makes it improper for him to act; and in such case the court shall rectify this fact in the decrees of sale, and thereupon appoint a special commissioner to execute such specific decrees and orders of sale; and no consent of parties, entered of record, shall be authority for any other person or persons to execute such decrees. And the general commissioner—subject to all the provisions and requirements of this act—shall execute all orders and decrees of the court or courts for which he was appointed, directing the lease of real estate.

Every general commissioner shall, *ex-officio*, be the general receiver of the court for which he was appointed general commissioner; and he and his sureties shall be liable on the bond hereinafter required for his faithful performance and discharge of all the duties of a general receiver of court. He shall receive and manage such estate, and pay out such money as the court may order by virtue of section 12, chapter 104, Code of 1873; and in every case all respects he shall perform all of the duties and requirements, and be subject to all of the penalties, provided for and imposed on general receivers of courts by sections 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, and 26 of chapter 175, Code of 1873, and any and all other laws applicable to general receivers of courts.

The bill also prescribes the manner in which the general commissioner shall account for his transactions, and also prescribes the mode of compensation, which shall be the same as now allowed to trustees and certain other fees named in the bill.

The Judge of the court may, for cause, remove the general commissioner and fill the vacancy temporarily, but all permanent appointments must be made by the Governor.

Vandalism at Yorktown. (Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.) YORKTOWN, Feb. 17, 1882.

Some time since the negroes, at night, tore down the front of the street-steps leading into the grounds of the Nelson House, at Yorktown, Va., and are making constant depredations on the brick enclosure. The bricks are stolen and sold for building purposes.

The Nelson House is owned by Miss Kate Nelson, a great-granddaughter of Governor Thomas Nelson. This winter Miss Nelson has been living in it alone, but after such acts of vandalism she did not consider her home safe, and has left here and gone to Gloucester.

The Pyramids of Egypt would not stand in Yorktown with its present colored population in the ascendancy. If the United States Government ever puts a monument here it will have to be protected by a cord of soldiers, or it will be destroyed in less time than it will take to erect it.

Here there is nothing like law or order. I can affirm with truth this is the most lawless place I know of. It would be well to have it put under martial law.

A RESIDENT. The Richmond State truthfully remarks: The most disgraceful of all the sights witnessed in these days of degradation and degradation is the presence in the capital of a horde of men electorizing for judicial office—men who make personal solicitations for judgeships from a seat in the Court of Appeals to a seat in the County Court. Truly that greatest curse with which an angry God can afflict an unrighteous people—an ignorant and corrupt Judiciary—is upon us. Of course men who are so low as to make personal solicitations for judicial office will promise to decide any question in any way which may please the appointing power. Accordingly we find communications from them in the party organ denying one of the fundamental principles of our constitutional form of government—the independence of the Judiciary—thus distinctly surrendering the independence of the office they seek. An independence secured by the Constitution, before they are appointed.

The eyes of a number of gentlemen, who became members of the so-called Readjuster party, have recently been opened to the true intent and purposes of its originators, and have boldly proclaimed their opposition to the Boss and his minions. Virginia is not a good place for bosses, and Mahoneism will soon be among the things that were.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

At the residence of her father, John W. Lee, in Port Republic, in this county, on Saturday, Feb. 11, 1882, Miss Julie Lee, aged 31 years.

Money easy at 5 per cent. The volume of business somewhat restricted, owing to apparent doubt as to values, fluctuations, frequently large, in various stocks, take place daily. Governments steady and unchanged. State bonds dull and weak.

United States 4s..... 117 1/2 @ 118 1/2
Virginia 5s..... 91 3/4 @ 93 1/4
Va. G. S. 2d series..... 38 3/4 @ 39
Va. 10-40s..... 40 @ 41 1/4

Harrisburg, February 23, 1882.
FLOUR—Choice Family..... 6 75 @ 7 00
" Extra..... 6 50 @ 6 75
" Super..... 5 50 @ 5 75
WHEAT—No. 1 bushel..... 1 25 @ 1 34
" No. 2..... 1 15 @ 1 24
" No. 3..... 1 05 @ 1 14
" No. 4..... 95 @ 1 04
" No. 5..... 85 @ 94
" No. 6..... 75 @ 84
" No. 7..... 65 @ 74
" No. 8..... 55 @ 64
" No. 9..... 45 @ 54
" No. 10..... 35 @ 44
" No. 11..... 25 @ 34
" No. 12..... 15 @ 24
" No. 13..... 5 @ 14
" No. 14..... 0 @ 10
" No. 15..... 0 @ 6
" No. 16..... 0 @ 2
" No. 17..... 0 @ 0
" No. 18..... 0 @ 0
" No. 19..... 0 @ 0
" No. 20..... 0 @ 0
" No. 21..... 0 @ 0
" No. 22..... 0 @ 0
" No. 23..... 0 @ 0
" No. 24..... 0 @ 0
" No. 25..... 0 @ 0
" No. 26..... 0 @ 0
" No. 27..... 0 @ 0
" No. 28..... 0 @ 0
" No. 29..... 0 @ 0
" No. 30..... 0 @ 0
" No. 31..... 0 @ 0
" No. 32..... 0 @ 0
" No. 33..... 0 @ 0
" No. 34..... 0 @ 0
" No. 35..... 0 @ 0
" No. 36..... 0 @ 0
" No. 37..... 0 @ 0
" No. 38..... 0 @ 0
" No. 39..... 0 @ 0
" No. 40..... 0 @ 0
" No. 41..... 0 @ 0
" No. 42..... 0 @ 0
" No. 43..... 0 @ 0
" No. 44..... 0 @ 0
" No. 45..... 0 @ 0
" No. 46..... 0 @ 0
" No. 47..... 0 @ 0
" No. 48..... 0 @ 0
" No. 49..... 0 @ 0
" No. 50..... 0 @ 0
" No. 51..... 0 @ 0
" No. 52..... 0 @ 0
" No. 53..... 0 @ 0
" No. 54..... 0 @ 0
" No. 55..... 0 @ 0
" No. 56..... 0 @ 0
" No. 57..... 0 @ 0
" No. 58..... 0 @ 0
" No. 59..... 0 @ 0
" No. 60..... 0 @ 0
" No. 61..... 0 @ 0
" No. 62..... 0 @ 0
" No. 63..... 0 @ 0
" No. 64..... 0 @ 0
" No. 65..... 0 @ 0
" No. 66..... 0 @ 0
" No. 67..... 0 @ 0
" No. 68..... 0 @ 0
" No. 69..... 0 @ 0
" No. 70..... 0 @ 0
" No. 71..... 0 @ 0
" No. 72..... 0 @ 0
" No. 73..... 0 @ 0
" No. 74..... 0 @ 0
" No. 75..... 0 @ 0
" No. 76..... 0 @ 0
" No. 77..... 0 @ 0
" No. 78..... 0 @ 0
" No. 79..... 0 @ 0
" No. 80..... 0 @ 0
" No. 81..... 0 @ 0
" No. 82..... 0 @ 0
" No. 83..... 0 @ 0
" No. 84..... 0 @ 0
" No. 85..... 0 @ 0
" No. 86..... 0 @ 0
" No. 87..... 0 @ 0
" No. 88..... 0 @ 0
" No. 89..... 0 @ 0
" No. 90..... 0 @ 0
" No. 91..... 0 @ 0
" No. 92..... 0 @ 0
" No. 93..... 0 @ 0
" No. 94..... 0 @ 0
" No. 95..... 0 @ 0
" No. 96..... 0 @ 0
" No. 97..... 0 @ 0
" No. 98..... 0 @ 0
" No. 99..... 0 @ 0
" No. 100..... 0 @ 0

WHEAT—No. 1 bushel..... 1 25 @ 1 34
" No. 2..... 1 15 @ 1 24
" No. 3..... 1 05 @ 1 14
" No. 4..... 95 @ 1 04
" No. 5..... 85 @ 94
" No. 6..... 75 @ 84
" No. 7..... 65 @ 74
" No. 8..... 55 @ 64
" No. 9..... 45 @ 54
" No. 10..... 35 @ 44
" No. 11..... 25 @ 34
" No. 12..... 15 @ 24
" No. 13..... 5 @ 14
" No. 14..... 0 @ 10
" No. 15..... 0 @ 6
" No. 16..... 0 @ 2
" No. 17..... 0 @ 0
" No. 18..... 0 @ 0
" No. 19..... 0 @ 0
" No. 20..... 0 @ 0
" No. 21..... 0 @ 0
" No. 22..... 0 @ 0
" No. 23..... 0 @ 0
" No. 24..... 0 @ 0
" No. 25..... 0 @ 0
" No. 26..... 0 @ 0
" No. 27..... 0 @ 0
" No. 28..... 0 @ 0
" No. 29..... 0 @ 0
" No. 30..... 0 @ 0
" No. 31..... 0 @ 0
" No. 32..... 0 @ 0
" No. 33..... 0 @ 0
" No. 34..... 0 @ 0
" No. 35..... 0 @ 0
" No. 36..... 0 @ 0
" No. 37..... 0 @ 0
" No. 38..... 0 @ 0
" No. 39..... 0 @ 0
" No. 40..... 0 @ 0
" No. 41..... 0 @ 0
" No. 42..... 0 @ 0
" No. 43..... 0 @ 0
" No. 44..... 0 @ 0
" No. 45..... 0 @ 0
" No. 46..... 0 @ 0
" No. 47..... 0 @ 0
" No. 48..... 0 @ 0
" No. 49..... 0 @ 0
" No. 50..... 0 @ 0
" No. 51..... 0 @ 0
" No. 52..... 0 @ 0
" No. 53..... 0 @ 0
" No. 54..... 0 @ 0
" No. 55..... 0 @ 0
" No. 56..... 0 @ 0
" No. 57..... 0 @ 0
" No. 58..... 0 @ 0
" No. 59..... 0 @ 0
" No. 60..... 0 @ 0
" No. 61..... 0 @ 0
" No. 62..... 0 @ 0
" No. 63..... 0 @ 0
" No. 64..... 0 @ 0
" No. 65..... 0 @ 0
" No. 66..... 0 @ 0
" No. 67..... 0 @ 0
" No. 68..... 0 @ 0
" No. 69..... 0 @ 0
" No. 70..... 0 @ 0
" No. 71..... 0 @ 0
" No. 72..... 0 @ 0
" No. 73..... 0 @ 0
" No. 74..... 0 @ 0
" No. 75..... 0 @ 0
" No. 76..... 0 @ 0
" No. 77..... 0 @ 0
" No. 78..... 0 @ 0
" No. 79..... 0 @ 0
" No. 80..... 0 @ 0
" No. 81..... 0 @ 0
" No. 82..... 0 @ 0
" No. 83..... 0 @ 0
" No. 84..... 0 @ 0
" No. 85..... 0 @ 0
" No. 86..... 0 @ 0
" No. 87..... 0 @ 0
" No. 88..... 0 @ 0
" No. 89..... 0 @ 0
" No. 90..... 0 @ 0
" No. 91..... 0 @ 0
" No. 92..... 0 @ 0
" No. 93..... 0 @ 0
" No. 94..... 0 @ 0
" No. 95..... 0 @ 0
" No. 96..... 0 @ 0
" No. 97..... 0 @ 0
" No. 98..... 0 @ 0
" No. 99..... 0 @ 0
" No. 100..... 0 @ 0

WHEAT—No. 1 bushel..... 1 25 @ 1 34
" No. 2..... 1 15 @ 1 24
" No. 3..... 1 05 @ 1 14
" No. 4..... 95 @ 1 04
" No. 5..... 85 @ 94
" No. 6..... 75 @ 84
" No. 7..... 65 @ 74
" No. 8..... 55 @ 64
" No. 9..... 45 @ 54
" No. 10..... 35 @ 44
" No. 11..... 25 @ 34
" No. 12..... 15 @ 24
" No. 13..... 5 @ 14
" No. 14..... 0 @ 10
" No. 15..... 0 @ 6
" No. 16..... 0 @ 2
" No. 17..... 0 @ 0
" No. 18..... 0 @ 0
" No. 19..... 0 @ 0
" No. 20..... 0 @ 0
" No. 21..... 0 @ 0
" No. 22..... 0 @ 0
" No. 23..... 0 @ 0
" No. 24..... 0 @ 0
" No. 25..... 0 @ 0
" No. 26..... 0 @ 0
" No. 27..... 0 @ 0
" No. 28..... 0 @ 0
" No. 29..... 0 @ 0
" No. 30..... 0 @ 0
" No. 31..... 0 @ 0
" No. 32..... 0 @ 0
" No. 33..... 0 @ 0
" No. 34..... 0 @ 0
" No. 35..... 0 @ 0
" No. 36..... 0 @ 0
" No. 37..... 0 @ 0
" No. 38..... 0 @ 0
" No. 39..... 0 @ 0
" No. 40..... 0 @ 0
" No. 41..... 0 @ 0
" No. 42..... 0 @ 0
" No. 43..... 0 @ 0
" No. 44..... 0 @ 0
" No. 45..... 0 @ 0
" No. 46..... 0 @ 0
" No. 47..... 0 @ 0
" No. 48..... 0 @ 0
" No. 49..... 0 @ 0
" No. 50..... 0 @ 0
" No. 51..... 0 @ 0
" No. 52..... 0 @ 0
" No. 53..... 0 @ 0
" No. 54..... 0 @ 0
" No. 55..... 0 @ 0
" No. 56..... 0 @ 0
" No. 57..... 0 @ 0
" No. 58..... 0 @ 0
" No. 59..... 0 @ 0
" No. 60..... 0 @ 0
" No. 61..... 0 @ 0
" No. 62..... 0 @ 0
" No. 63..... 0 @ 0
" No. 64..... 0 @ 0
" No. 65..... 0 @ 0
" No. 66..... 0 @ 0
" No. 67..... 0 @ 0
" No. 68..... 0 @ 0
" No. 69..... 0 @ 0
" No. 70..... 0 @ 0
" No. 71..... 0 @ 0
" No. 72..... 0 @ 0
" No. 73..... 0 @ 0
" No. 74..... 0 @ 0
" No. 75..... 0 @ 0
" No. 76..... 0 @ 0
" No. 77..... 0 @ 0
" No. 78..... 0 @ 0
" No. 79..... 0 @ 0
" No. 80..... 0 @ 0
" No. 81..... 0 @ 0
" No. 82..... 0 @ 0
" No. 83..... 0 @ 0
" No. 84..... 0 @ 0
" No. 85..... 0 @ 0
" No. 86..... 0 @ 0
" No. 87..... 0 @ 0
" No. 88..... 0 @ 0
" No. 89..... 0 @ 0
" No. 90..... 0 @ 0
" No. 91..... 0 @ 0
" No. 92..... 0 @ 0
" No. 93..... 0 @ 0
" No. 94..... 0 @ 0
" No

Subscription Rates table with columns for One Year, Six Months, Three Months, and Cash Subscriptions.

Advertising Rates: 1 inch, one time, \$1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents; 1 inch, three months, \$3.00; six months, \$6.00; one year, \$10.00.

LOOK OUT FOR THE X MARK: On your paper. It is notice that the time for which you have paid has expired, and if you want the paper continued you must renew your subscription at once.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Washington M. E. Conference.

The 19th annual session of the Washington M. E. Conference (colored) will be held in the Sharp St. M. E. church, Baltimore, Md., on the 23d March next, and will be presided over by Bishop I. W. Wiley, D. D., L.L.D., of Ohio.

Court Day.

Monday last was County Court-day and it was well attended. The day was disagreeable by reason of rain, mud and slop-py weather, and it is not often that County Court-day falls upon a worse day.

Improvements.

John Wallace and M. O. Crabb have each a new and elegant sign, the workmanship of Messrs. Pool & Roberts of our town. These gentlemen are executing some of the finest work done in the Valley.

Mr. J. C. Staples has erected a fine shed in his livery yard.

Mr. J. C. Staples has erected a fine shed in his livery yard. He proposes removing the old shed facing on Water street and erecting a suitable fence in its stead.

The finest on the market is Rosenheim's celebrated Spring Dale Whiskey.

For sale by John Kavanaugh, at the Farmer's Home, and by Lamb Brothers, Harrisonburg.

About Horses.

I did not see your articles about horses until yesterday. Mr. Wallace is a man of extensive information on horse flesh, and has had vast experience with it, but has principally been with the race-horse and trotter, and the practical experience of large dealers in the kind of horses we need might be of rather more benefit to us farmers than Mr. Wallace's theories upon the subject of making a brood of our own.

There are but few things beyond the accomplishment of the American people, and they have plenty of good blood to build on to make a brood of draft horses of their own, equal to, if not superior to any now in existence; but building up a breed of animals just exactly as you want them, with type and characteristics so fixed that they can transmit them to their get when used on inferior or mixed breeds, requires a vast amount of patience, skill and time—much more time than we old gray-headed farmers have left to devote to it, and much more skill and money than the average farmer possesses.

Mr. Jacob Dahlman of 217 East Twenty-fourth Street, New York City, says: "I handle between 1500 and 1800 head of horses annually. This includes all kinds of horses, but a large portion of them are heavy horses of the various breeds. The French horses called Percheron-Norman, English Clydesdales and Belgian, I handle more Percherons than of any other breed. There is more demand for them than any other class. The French horses are the best; have the best feet, last longest on the New York pavements, and always give satisfaction. They are more compactly built, there is more work in them, and they are better broken. They have better action than the other breeds. I would advise farmers and breeders breeding horses for the New York market, to breed from the Percheron horses in preference to any other breed."

C. H. Hayman handle about 2,000 horses a year, principally heavy draft, of all the various breeds. They say they have more demand for the French than any other horses. The people like them better and they bring higher prices than the other breeds. They have the best feet and last better on the New York pavements. They have the most endurance and generally give the best satisfaction. The Norman horse is the most easily broken, and is the best dispositioned horse we have. Norman horses mature sooner and are ready for market when much younger than those of other breeds.

A. M. Stiner & Co., who handle about 2,000 horses annually, say the same in substance, and add: "The Percheron-Norman horse has the best action of any breed, and weight and condition being equal, brings the highest price in the market."

Henry Newman, 328 Rutledge street, Brooklyn, says the same, and advises farmers to breed to French horses in preference to any other breed.

S. Richey, of Brooklyn, who handles a large number of horses, says he would buy no other kind for his own use, and advises all farmers to breed to nothing but the French horses, who breed for the city markets.

A. J. Hieneman, of Mansfield, Ohio, who handles about 2,000 horses annually, says, weight and size being equal, he would give \$50 more for a Percheron or Belgian horse than any other breed, and advises farmers to use these two breeds.

Mr. Berry, of Chicago, who sells about six hundred horses yearly, says he sells more Norman than any other breed, and that they have more endurance, step better, are better feeders, and for all purposes are far superior to all other breeds now raised. Advises all farmers to breed to the Normans, saying they bring in the market when four or five years old from \$150 to \$300.

James D. Beckett, No. 387 West Randolph street, Chicago, who buys and sells from 2500 to 3,000 annually, and has handled as many as 38,000 horses in one year, says he handles more Percheron horses than any other breed; that they are more sought after, and bring better prices. They are more compactly built, with better flank, and have capital feet. Their type and color is so thoroughly fixed that they show it down to any light blood; that any colored pair of horses that would bring \$350 would bring \$400 if gray (the prevailing color of the French horses). The French horses last longer on pavements than any other breed. He says he has shipped to Wall & Wither, of Denver, Colorado, the largest transfer company in the West, a car-load of these gray Norman mares nearly every week for two years. They will have nothing else, and farther says if the farmers would consult his experience they will choose only Norman for breeding purposes.

Mr. Newgoss, of Morgan street, Chicago, who handles about a thousand horses generally a year, says the Normans are true to work, and are broke before they are ever harnessed, and he advises their use for breeding in preference to all other breeds. The Norman-Percherons are docile, intelligent, broad between eyes, and have some brains. They are easily broken and steady in harness. They are powerful horses and compactly built: short in the back, deep in the body and broad in the chest. This gives them what we call a good dinner basket. The Norman-Percherons have the best feet of any horse in America. Their feet stand work on the pavements better than those of any other breed. They have a high cup foot. The Norman-Percherons generally give the best satisfaction to the people who buy them to wear out. They are finely developed for their ages. I put them into the heaviest work at four years old, and they stand it. I buy these horses because they give the best satisfaction to my customers."

A. S. Chamberlain, who keeps the Bull's Head stables, and has kept exchange and sale stables for forty years, says: "All classes of horses come to my stables, from all sections of the country, amounting to several thousand annually. A large number of these are draft horses of the different breeds. The Clydesdale, French horses

called Percheron or Normans, and the English and Belgium. There seems to be a larger demand for the French horses than any other breed. Some years ago we used to get a good many horses from Upper Canada. These were Clydesdales, and weighed from 1400 to 1600 pounds, but they did not seem to answer the purpose well. As a general thing their feet are thin-shelled and flat, and being heavy horses their feet would become sore, and would not stand the pavements. The French horses have good feet and stand the pavements better than the Clydesdales. That is the reason they sell better. The Norman horses are the finest looking, most attractive, have better action, are quicker steppers, and stand their work better than the Clydesdale. The Norman horse brings a better price on the market. I would advise farmers and breeders who are breeding horses to sell on the New York market for draft purposes to breed from French horses in preference to all others."

Messrs. Oakley & Smith who handle upwards of a thousand heavy draft horses annually, say: "A cross of the Norman horses on our native mares would be my choice, and that is the kind of breeding I would recommend."

Mr. Jacob Dahlman of 217 East Twenty-fourth Street, New York City, says: "I handle between 1500 and 1800 head of horses annually. This includes all kinds of horses, but a large portion of them are heavy horses of the various breeds. The French horses called Percheron-Norman, English Clydesdales and Belgian, I handle more Percherons than of any other breed. There is more demand for them than any other class. The French horses are the best; have the best feet, last longest on the New York pavements, and always give satisfaction. They are more compactly built, there is more work in them, and they are better broken. They have better action than the other breeds. I would advise farmers and breeders breeding horses for the New York market, to breed from the Percheron horses in preference to any other breed."

C. H. Hayman handle about 2,000 horses a year, principally heavy draft, of all the various breeds. They say they have more demand for the French than any other horses. The people like them better and they bring higher prices than the other breeds. They have the best feet and last better on the New York pavements. They have the most endurance and generally give the best satisfaction. The Norman horse is the most easily broken, and is the best dispositioned horse we have. Norman horses mature sooner and are ready for market when much younger than those of other breeds.

A. M. Stiner & Co., who handle about 2,000 horses annually, say the same in substance, and add: "The Percheron-Norman horse has the best action of any breed, and weight and condition being equal, brings the highest price in the market."

Henry Newman, 328 Rutledge street, Brooklyn, says the same, and advises farmers to breed to French horses in preference to any other breed.

S. Richey, of Brooklyn, who handles a large number of horses, says he would buy no other kind for his own use, and advises all farmers to breed to nothing but the French horses, who breed for the city markets.

A. J. Hieneman, of Mansfield, Ohio, who handles about 2,000 horses annually, says, weight and size being equal, he would give \$50 more for a Percheron or Belgian horse than any other breed, and advises farmers to use these two breeds.

Mr. Berry, of Chicago, who sells about six hundred horses yearly, says he sells more Norman than any other breed, and that they have more endurance, step better, are better feeders, and for all purposes are far superior to all other breeds now raised. Advises all farmers to breed to the Normans, saying they bring in the market when four or five years old from \$150 to \$300.

James D. Beckett, No. 387 West Randolph street, Chicago, who buys and sells from 2500 to 3,000 annually, and has handled as many as 38,000 horses in one year, says he handles more Percheron horses than any other breed; that they are more sought after, and bring better prices. They are more compactly built, with better flank, and have capital feet. Their type and color is so thoroughly fixed that they show it down to any light blood; that any colored pair of horses that would bring \$350 would bring \$400 if gray (the prevailing color of the French horses). The French horses last longer on pavements than any other breed. He says he has shipped to Wall & Wither, of Denver, Colorado, the largest transfer company in the West, a car-load of these gray Norman mares nearly every week for two years. They will have nothing else, and farther says if the farmers would consult his experience they will choose only Norman for breeding purposes.

Mr. Newgoss, of Morgan street, Chicago, who handles about a thousand horses generally a year, says the Normans are true to work, and are broke before they are ever harnessed, and he advises their use for breeding in preference to all other breeds. The Norman-Percherons are docile, intelligent, broad between eyes, and have some brains. They are easily broken and steady in harness. They are powerful horses and compactly built: short in the back, deep in the body and broad in the chest. This gives them what we call a good dinner basket. The Norman-Percherons have the best feet of any horse in America. Their feet stand work on the pavements better than those of any other breed. They have a high cup foot. The Norman-Percherons generally give the best satisfaction to the people who buy them to wear out. They are finely developed for their ages. I put them into the heaviest work at four years old, and they stand it. I buy these horses because they give the best satisfaction to my customers."

A. S. Chamberlain, who keeps the Bull's Head stables, and has kept exchange and sale stables for forty years, says: "All classes of horses come to my stables, from all sections of the country, amounting to several thousand annually. A large number of these are draft horses of the different breeds. The Clydesdale, French horses

vastly more action than those unacquainted with them have any idea of. Look at Minionette, who weighs 2,000 lbs. She would put to shame either at the walk or trot many of our little horses that we call pretty fast. And many of those large horses weighing 1600 or 1700 pounds, will trot their mile in four minutes.

Of all the draft breeds I have seen on exhibition at the various Fairs in the United States, I consider the Percheron-Norman or French horse decidedly the best. I will hang up in the Rockingham Bank and leave at the OLD COMMONWEALTH office some pictures of these fine French draft horses (sent me by Mr. M. W. Dunham, Illinois), as true to life as Rosa Bonheur or John R. Page can paint them, or Jim. Gray or Mr. Morrison could take them in their picture galleries. You farmers can look at them and decide whether they suit you to grade up your present stock of horses or not. If they do not, then take Mr. Wallace's plan, and start out and make a brood of your own first, and then begin to grade up. As Mr. Wallace is a gentleman of an immense deal of information about horses, I have no disposition to find fault with him in the least, but only to back up my judgment, with all the practical information I could get, about the best way to improve our horse stock and make the most money out of it possible, at the earliest practicable day. I am too old to wait to make a brood. I have lived nearly half a century.

GEORGE CHRISMAN. Warren Farm, Feb. 16, 1892.

Death of Thomas Burke.

At his residence, Burke's Mills, in this county, on Sunday night last, Thos. Burke, Esq., died of pneumonia in the 78th year of his age. Mr. Burke was one of the most influential citizens of Augusta, an influence gained by the constant practice of those sterling traits of character which distinguish the true man, and constitute an example worthy of emulation. Of strong mind and great firmness, he held decided views on all public questions, and was active in every movement which he deemed likely to confer public good. He was the father of Messrs. W. A. and R. W. Burke of this city, and of Mr. Thos. Burke, late mayor of Huntington, and now one of our foremost of the U. S. Senate. But a few months ago, Mr. Burke's estimable wife preceded him to the grave. The separation was brief, but the reunion will last throughout eternity. The remains were buried in Thoroax Cemetery on Tuesday last.—Valley Virginian, 16th.

Weekly Through Train to the West.

On Tuesday, the 21st of February, and every Tuesday thereafter, a special train will leave Staunton on the Valley Railroad, with through coaches for St. Louis and Chicago and connecting with trains for all points in Kansas, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska and Texas. On this train the baggage is checked through to its destination and passengers save all trouble. Mr. R. R. Douthat agent of the B. & O. here, and Mr. C. E. Dudrow the Travelling Agent, will give full information to travelers about the connections West, time, and so forth.

HOW TO MAKE FIVE DOLLARS IN A DAY.

This can be done by almost any one who will do it, by getting us twenty subscribers at \$1.50 each, and sending us \$25 with the names, and retaining the other five dollars for their labor. Try it. If you go at it in a business way you can make money easy and fast. It is not necessary that you get them all in one locality, and you can get them at a dozen different post offices, if you choose.

The special grand jury of the City Court on yesterday morning brought in as "true bills" eighty-nine indictments—44 of which were for selling liquor to minors; 33 for selling liquor on Sunday; 3 against parties for keeping houses of ill fame; 4 for being nuisances; 4 for selling liquor without license, and one for keeping boarding house without license.—Staunton Spectator, of Tuesday.

New Ten-Pin Alley.

Having purchased the Spotswood Ten-Pin Alley, and remodeled the same, and supplied the Alley with the best and newest balls, I wish to inform my friends and lovers of this delightful game, that they will find everything in first-class style, and the Alley conducted in a proper manner. No betting or gambling will be allowed, and the best of order preserved. Give me a call, and I will guarantee satisfaction. Jan. 26-14. JOHN WALLACE.

The life insurance company for some time talked of in this place has been at last successfully worked up, and is ready for organization. The list of officers and directors embraces some of our most reliable citizens and business men, and doubtless this will become one of the best life insurance institutions in the State. We shall refer to it further when it is more fully developed.

In visiting Harrisonburg it will be a surprise as well as a pleasure to visit the large and well ordered establishment of Rohr Bros., on Main Street. Their Hardware Department is complete and embraces everything to be found in that line, and always at the lowest prices. In their Grocery Department there is nothing wanting to make it attractive, and their goods are always the freshest and cheapest. They keep everything to be found in first-class establishments in their line, at wholesale and retail.

The Lamb Saloon can compete with any other in the Valley.

If you desire a pure Whiskey, distilled from Rye only and of great age call at Rosenheim's Spring Dale. For sale by John Kavanaugh, at Farmer's Home, and by Lamb Brothers, Harrisonburg. tjun6

For Mixed Drinks, the Lamb Saloon surpasses any other establishment in the town.

Good Night.

Good night—the little lips touch ours, The little arms enfold us; And oh, that thus through coming years They might forever hold us!

Good night! we answer back and smile, And kiss the drooping eyes; But in our trembling hearts the while The wistful queries rise:

Who, in the weary years to come, When we are hid from sight, Will clasp these little hands and kiss These little lips "good night"?

Brevities.

Have you been out fishing yet? Easter comes April 9th this year. Lent began yesterday, Wednesday. Say, wasn't Monday an awful Court-day? Our Lacey Springs correspondent is requested to send on his letters.

The weather has broken up our canvases. Some places there are no roads at all. The apparatus for bottling Rawley water went forward to the Springs last week. John Harleycorn got in his work well on Monday and knocked down many of 'em.

As a horse market Harrisonburg 'lays over the deck.' Staunton is just nowhere. A bad February makes a newspaper drouth—no matter how wet the weather is.

Tuesday morning was the worst looking start of a day of any we have had for some time. The McNeil family—a concert company—performed at Masonic Hall on Monday night.

Send in your names and money, if you want this paper. Two months, 25 cents; four months, 50 cents; \$1.50 a year.

N. W. Orb, who spells his name backwards, is now the Bridgewater correspondent of the Register. Next.

After all the money expended on the streets there was about two inches of mortar covering them on Monday evening.

We don't know why, but Capt. Q. was not in town on Monday. We expect the bad roads had something to do with it.

Monday last showed that good would be accomplished by local option properly enforced. The amount of drunkenness was simply aluminous.

Now it is the Virginia Protection Insurance Company that has gone by the board. Some of the policy holders here say what they think, and others don't.

It is expected the Circuit Court will adjourn this week. It was not in session on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, the County Court occupying the Court-house on Monday and Tuesday.

Our horse articles are attracting wide attention. Every farmer in the county should feel an interest in this important question. Maj. Chrisman comes to the front this week, in discussion of the subject.

You can't find copies of the COMMONWEALTH lying dead in the post-offices of the county. All are taken out eagerly. This is a compliment that we appreciate. It isn't always the big circulations that circulate.

We didn't get a hundred new subscribers on Monday, but we had made no calculation as to the weather. Considering what an ugly day it was—twenty-six squalls us, and we shall keep pegging away until we get the biggest paid-up subscription list in the State. Thanks.

The band of the McNeil family gave some nice music from the Spotswood verandah on Monday afternoon, much to the delight of the people. There are three young ladies who play brass instruments in the band. It looks somewhat novel to see them playing with a brass band, but it is all right. We are all on the advance.

The Weather.

Thursday, Feb. 16—Dark, cloudy, chilly. Friday, 17—Beautiful, pleasant, spring-like day.

Saturday, 18—Dark, cloudy morning. Clearing toward noon, with some sunshine afternoon. Air crisp. Mud drying.

Sunday, 19—Blustery and disagreeable. A real March day.

Monday, 20—Cloudy, raining, very ugly day.

Tuesday, 21—The opening of the day gave the appearance of about the ugliest of the season. About noon clearing, with high winds, blowing almost a gale.

Wednesday, 22—Clear. Air cold.

Spring Dale Whiskey has a world-wide reputation and can be had of H. Rosenheim, Baltimore. He being the exclusive patentee, and proprietor of that celebrated brand. For sale by John Kavanaugh, at Farmer's Home, and by Lamb Brothers, Harrisonburg. tjun6

Died.

James M. Stout, a well known and highly esteemed citizen of Augusta county, died on Friday morning last, 17th inst., in the 79th year of his age. At one time he lived in Port Republic in this county, and did business as a merchant.

D. F. Clemmer, residing near Middlebrook in Augusta county, where he died on Saturday last. He was 61 years of age.

Capt. W. A. Donald, of near Waynesborough, Augusta county, died on the 13th instant. He was 68 years of age, a native of Rockbridge, where his remains were carried for burial on Thursday last.

The Springdale Whiskey was "all the go" at Lamb's, on Court day.

Mrs. Eve Whitmer, residing near Long's School-house on the Keeltown road, in Ashby district, will on the 1st of March next, sell her household and kitchen furniture at public sale, as she intends to break up housekeeping. Some valuable property is mentioned in the list of articles to be sold.

Stonebraker's Celebrated Rock and Rye at the Lamb Saloon.

Personal.

We learn that Rev. L. S. Reed has returned to his home in this place quite sick.

Miss Maggie Ott arrived home on last Saturday. She was accompanied by Miss Lilly Ott, of Waynesboro.

Miss Mattie Jones, daughter of Strother Jones, Esq., returned home from the West on Saturday.

Miss Roberta Johnston, daughter of Judge Robert Johnston, is visiting in Richmond.

Ed. S. Conrad left on Tuesday afternoon for Florida, by way of Richmond. He will be absent several weeks.

Henry A. Sprinkel and James A. Gordon, of this place, have gone West on a trip, and will visit Chicago and St. Louis.

Mrs. Geo. A. Myers returned home last week from a visit to her father's family at Vicksburg, Miss. She has been absent several months.

Capt. John C. Smith, a well known Conductor on the Valley Railroad, at one time, has been admitted to the Western Lunatic Asylum as a patient. He was brought here from Alexandria by his son, Mr. H. T. Smith. Capt. Smith had many friends in the Valley who will be pained to hear of this sad affliction.—Valley Virginian.

D. H. Stern, of Charlottesville, the 2d District Vice President of (this) District No. 5, B'nai B'rith, was here on Sunday last, and after the exchange of pleasant courtesies with his brethren of the order, returned home on Monday.

H. W. Hillery, Esq., of the firm of W. P. Hillery & Son, real estate agents, at Warrenton, Va., called upon us on Monday. He came to see several of our Rockingham farmers who talk of purchasing Fauquier lands. Mr. H. is a business young man, and from the way he went dashing around in the mud, to complete the work for which he came, he looked like he meant business at least.

The Virginia Law Journal for January has been received from its publishers, J. W. Randolph & English, Richmond, Va. James M. Matthews, Esq., official reporter of the Supreme Court of Appeals, has become the associate editor of this excellent magazine of law.

A Pleasant St. Valentine's Day.

The pleasant memories of St. Valentine's day are generally kept by the younger portion of society, but February 14th, this year, was made memorable in New Orleans by its being the occasion of the 41st Grand Monthly Drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery, under the sole management of Generals G. T. Beauregard and Jubal A. Early, when over \$110,000 was given away to the favorites of fortune.

The next drawing will take place on the 14th of March, and any information relative to it will be cheerfully forwarded on addressing M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., and if \$2 or \$1 is sent he will forward you a whole or a half ticket.

The Relief Association.

A Remarkably Creditable Record of the Operation of this B. & O. Institution. [Baltimore American, Feb. 16th.]

At a recent quarterly meeting of the B. & O. Relief Association, held at Relay Station, the secretary submitted a report which shows its affairs to be in a most flourishing condition. This organization is quietly but effectively performing most valuable service, not only among the employees by protecting them from want, but to the company itself, and is constantly developing new methods of usefulness.

Although only started in May, 1880, the report referred to showed the issue of 22,100 insurance policies, and on December 31, 1891, an actual membership of 13,105 persons; also the payment of 5,557 claims for sick benefits, aggregating \$74,769.84; benefits on accounts of disablement from accidents aggregating \$88,047.87, and of 128 death policies aggregating \$30,420.31. These sums, with the payment of 1,168 physicians bills, amounting to \$11,078.48, made a total expenditure of \$200,816.23 disbursed for the relief of members on lines extending from Baltimore to Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Columbus, Sandusky, and Chicago. The association, through its corps of medical inspectors, not only superintends the hygienic and sanitary welfare of its members, but is also charged with a close supervision over the sanitary condition of the company's shops, stations, coaches, grounds, buildings, water, &c., to the manifest advantage of its service. The measure adopted by the association last fall to guard employees of the company from effects of malaria, which was unusually prevalent everywhere, are said to have been very effective in neutralizing its effects. Pursuing the same policy immediately upon the discovery that small-pox was becoming epidemic in the United States, the society undertook the gratuitous vaccination of all its members, and in special cases of their families. Reports already show that the medical inspectors have vaccinated 5,170 persons; also that of the total number vaccinated fully 80 per cent. of the operations were successful. In other words, out of 5,170 persons, over 4,000 were found to be exposed to the full effects of small-pox, which has been declared by the National Board of Health to be epidemic throughout the country. The employees referred to are not resident in any circumscribed locality, though probably half are residents in Maryland. The statistics, therefore, furnished a sad commentary upon the danger to which our entire population is exposed through lack of proper precautionary measures. If other benevolent societies and corporations would recognize the fact that prevention is of far greater value than the cure of disease, and would follow the worthy example of the B. & O. Association, they would not only be acting humanely, but would also in many instances save their own funds from heavy depletion.

The lovers of the "weed" smoke Lamb's "Local Option" cigar only.

On the Death of Charlie L. Scott.

DIED DECEMBER 19, 1891. BY HIS AUNT E.

Oh, can it be that Charlie is gone! That the cold grave is now his bed? Have all our brightest hopes now flown? Is the loved one numbered with the dead?

Or is it but an idle dream, That falls upon my fancy's ear? Fain would I make it so to seem, But ad reality appears.

Yes, loved one, thou art called away, Like a sweet flower in the spring; It gladdens us, but soon decays, Ere Summer birds begin to sing.

Rest, loved one, in thy narrow tomb, We would not mourn thy entrance there; Thy spirit now forever blooms, Beyond this world of grief and care.

Oh, why should you weep for the loved one that's gone, To mansions of glory on high? He has finished his course, his journey is won, He has reached his bright home in the sky.

Oh, why should your eyes with tears grow dim, When our loved one is safe with his God? He's free from all sorrow, all suffering, and pain, He dwells in your glorious abode. McGeheysville, Va., January 6, 1892.

Literary.

The Philadelphia Musical Journal. We have received a number of the PHILADELPHIA MUSICAL JOURNAL, published by Wm. Nuneviller, No. 1300 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, filled with just such reading matter as is calculated to meet the interests of those interested in the news and gossip of the musical world. Everything is bright, breezy, interesting and reliable. The movements of singers, the doings of composers and the manner in which new musical works have been received are all pleasantly related, Europe claiming attention as well as America. The editorials are able in character and independent in tone.

A capital little serial, "The States Matters," giving the life story of Porgoleso, the tragedian, is commenced in the December number and concludes in the issue for January. It was translated from the French by George D. Cox, whose translations have been highly commended by the best critics of all sections. The music in this number, twenty pages in all, includes "The Fiddle Flour," "May Bells Ringing," "The Magnolia and the Cherry," a popular song from Gilbert and Sullivan's "Patience," "The Champagne Waltz," and that beautiful ballad, "The Blue Arabian Mountains." The very moderate terms of the PHILADELPHIA MUSICAL JOURNAL are ten cents a single copy or one dollar a year in advance.

THE COTTAGE HEALTH MAGAZINE OF BOSTON. We have received the March number of this monthly. It is full of good things, among which are a story by George MacDonald; Life in the East, by Professor James Rossdale; The Treasures of Snow; Winter in the Northern Sea; New Music; The "Fishes Mothers" and Young Folks' Departments, etc., all fully and beautifully illustrated by more than twenty fine engravings. THE COTTAGE HEALTH is the best periodical at its price (\$1.50 a year in advance), and the cheapest of its quality in the world. Every one of our subscribers ought to have this beautiful illustrated monthly. We hope to hear from many of them within two weeks.

We have received the March number of HARPERS MONTHLY, and it may be fairly taken as an average number of this model magazine. From the beautiful frontispiece to the laughable caricatures on the last page, every separate picture is finely conceived and exquisitely engraved. The Harpers have carried the art of wood engraving to such a degree of perfection, that it is difficult to conceive how anything more can be done to improve upon it. A delightful sketch of the Mendelssohn family is illustrated by eight life-like portraits of different members of this remarkable family of geniuses. These portraits show that the gift of musical ability was not their only heritage—every one of the faces bear the stamp of unusual intellectual power and physical beauty also. Among scientific articles, one upon the use of the small telescope shows what wonderful revelations have been made familiar facts through the agency of this instrument.

"Typical Journeys through Mexico," is a picturesque yet realistic description of this Paradise of the sugar-cane. A notable article is one entitled "The New French Minister of Public Instruction." This, embellished with a fine portrait of the new minister, Paul Bert, gives the American reader an insight into the wonderful change for the better that has been wrought in the educational policy of France since the accession of Gambetta to power, and the overwhelming difficulties the reformers have had to contend with in attempting to counteract the pernicious influence of the Jesuits in all matters of popular education.

The serial stories "Ann" and "Prudence" continue to interest lovers of fiction, and the quaint and ancient "Song of Roland" is given to us illustrated with the most delicate and unique etchings reproduced from the work of two celebrated French artists.

THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW for January has been reprinted by the LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 41 Barclay Street, New York. The principal articles are: "Literary Clubs in Paris." "A Sketch of Individual Development." A curious and interesting essay by George MacDonald, beginning with a child that is too young to have memory or consciousness, and tracing his mental development step by step. "The Cultures and their Latent History." "Count Campello." His life as a Romantic and peonous for withdrawing from that communion.

"Westcott and Hort's Greek Testament." These two volumes bid fair to form an epoch in the study of the Greek New Testament, and are not likely to be surpassed by any similar publication of our day.

"Richard Cob

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

In the twilight's gloaming
Stood a maiden young and fair,
Watching anxiously for some one
Who was certainly not there.

MEDICINES, & C.

Diphtheria.

A cold or sore throat may not seem to amount to much, and it promptly attended to can easily be cured by the use of a remedy followed by consumption of diphtheria.

OLD COMMONWEALTH

HARRISONBURG, VA.
THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 23, 1893.



THE FARM AND HOME.

TEXAS BAKED IRISH POTATOES.—Boil some good Irish potatoes. When done mash, season with salt, pepper, and butter.

DELICIOUS BREAKFAST DISH.—For, in any family of five, take three cups of mashed potatoes, one-half a cup of flour, and half a teaspoon of sweet milk.

BARLEY SOUP.—One pound of shelled barley, four ounces of pearl barley, or potato, salt and pepper to taste, one quart and a half of water.

OATMEAL SAMP.—Put a pint of oatmeal to soak in warm water a few hours before cooking it; just water enough to cover it.

BREAST OF VEAL BAKED WITH TOMATOES.—After wiping a breast of veal with a wet cloth, lay it in a small dripping pan, and brown it quickly in a hot oven.

SOUTHERN CORN BREAD.—Take two eggs, beat them well, add one pint of water and stir well; put in one teaspoonful of salt.

BAKED HAM.—To successfully bake ham it ought first to be boiled until almost tender.

ROAST TURKEY.—The secret of having a good roast turkey is to stuff it palatably, to baste it often and to cook it long enough.

CURIOUS AND USEFUL.

When strawberry plants are set in rows three feet apart, and a foot apart in the rows, it requires 14,920 for an acre.

Pumpkins in moderate quantities are good for cows in milk, but they had better be cleaned out first of the seeds.

If a man wants quiet and amiable cows, horses or other stock, he should handle them gently when quite young, and never tense.

The weight of a barrel of flour is based upon the English unit of weight known as a "stone." There are fourteen pounds in a stone and fourteen stones in a barrel of flour.

SPIDERS.—A singular fact in regard to the spider is that it casts its skin once every year. It forms, in one corner of the web, a thick purse, similar to that which is used to enclose its eggs.

ONE CAUSE OF COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

COLIC IN HORSES.—Colic in horses is often brought on by feeding hay passed through the corn-stalk cutter, mixed with meal middlings, or bran, and then wet up.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CORRECT.

OUR CLOSING OUT SALE OF

Winter Goods is a Success.

We do not hold goods until they bring us 80% profit, WE SELL THEM, and give the

Benefit to our Customers

INSTEAD OF TO THE NORTH.

All Winter Goods at such Figures that you can rely upon.

PLANNETS, CLOAKS, DRESS GOODS of all descriptions at way down prices. Call at

WM. LOEB'S Popular Dry Goods and Millinery House.

Bleached and Brown Cotton at Baltimore Prices.

BARGAINS IN OVERCOATS!

We have on hand a very large stock of MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING,

Hats, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

TRUNKS, SATCHELS, & C.

All of which will be sold very cheap for cash. We offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN CLOTHING, in order

to make room for my spring stock.

Remember, we always keep on hand the Largest Stock and the Best Goods in the market, and

That We Cannot be Undersold by any one.

We guarantee satisfaction in all cases. If you want to save money, call at once.

D. M. SWITZER & SON.

South Side Public Square, Harrisonburg, Va.

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENWARE.

IMMENSE STOCK.

J. A. Loewenbach & Son

Would call public attention to the large stock of goods in their line now in

store. Give them a call before purchasing.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices in the Valley,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

SOUTH SIDE OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

AT COST FOR ONLY 30 DAYS!

I WILL SELL MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

Boots, Shoes, Mens' Hats,

AND MILLINERY

AT COST FOR THIRTY DAYS.

Respectfully,

Mrs. LENA HELLER.

GREAT CLEANING-OUT SLAE!

Of Winter Goods at the Philadelphia Dry Goods Store.

THE ENTIRE STOCK of Dress Goods, Cloaks, Dolmans, Shawls, Blankets, Comforts,

and in fact everything called WINTER GOODS, will be closed out in order

to make room for Spring stock.

CALL AT ONCE TO SECURE BARGAINS.

Respectfully,

Mrs. BERTHA WISE,

Jan. 5 Main Street, one door North of Ott's Drug Store, Harrisonburg, Va.

Great Closing Out Sale of Boots and Shoes

The Boston Boot and Shoe House!

I WILL CLOSE OUT, FOR COST, MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

Boots, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, at Low Prices.

PUBLICATIONS.

The Philadelphia Times

Now stands conspicuously at the head of Philadelphia journals in all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper for the family circle.

"THE WEEKLY TIMES" has nearly doubled its former large circulation during the year. Its contributors from week to week are among the foremost men of the nation, and no department of news or literature is slighted in any number on any subject.

"THE ANNALS OF THE WAR" embracing chapters of American history contributed by prominent actors in the war of the rebellion, are a very valuable feature of the paper and have become a recognized repository of such matters, whether from Northern or Southern sources.

"THE DAILY TIMES" delivered in the City of Philadelphia and surrounding Territory, for one year, \$1.00; for six months, \$0.60; for three months, \$0.30.

"THE ANNALS OF THE WAR" a royal octavo volume of 800 pages, beautifully illustrated. Written by prominent Participants in the War, North and South. Price, \$3.00.

Address all letters and other communications to THE TIMES, TIMES BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Baltimore American

ESTABLISHED 1873. THE DAILY AMERICAN, Formed by Mail, Postpaid.

One month..... \$ 75 Three months..... 2 25 Six months..... 4 00 One year..... 7 50

THE WEEKLY AMERICAN.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST FAMILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED. ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

THE WEEKLY AMERICAN is published every Saturday morning, with the news of the week in compact shape. It also contains the most interesting special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and financial notices.

TERMS AND PREMIUMS. THE WEEKLY AMERICAN, single copy one year, \$1.00; 6 copies, one year, and extra copy monthly, \$5.00.

Specimen copies sent to any address. It is not necessary for all the names in a club to come from one office, nor is it necessary to send all the names at one time.

PRICES REDUCED FOR 1892

Blackwood and the Four Reviews ONLY \$10.00.

THE REPRINTS OF THE FOUR LEADING QUARTERLY REVIEWS,

THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig), THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal), THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Conservative), THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW (Economic), and

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, which have been established in this country for nearly half a century, are regularly published by THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 41 Barclay Street, New York.

These publications present the best foreign periodicals in a convenient form and at a reasonable price without abridgment or alteration.

TERMS FOR 1892 (including Postage): Payable Strictly in Advance.

For any one Review..... \$2.50 per annum. For any two Reviews..... 5 00 " " For any three Reviews..... 7 50 " " For all four Reviews..... 10 00 " "

For Blackwood's Magazine..... 8 00 " " For Blackwood and one Review..... 9 00 " " For Blackwood and two Reviews..... 10 00 " " For Blackwood and three Reviews..... 11 00 " " For Blackwood and four Reviews..... 12 00 " "

Single number of Blackwood, 30 cents; single number of Review, 75 cents.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 41 Barclay St., New York.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY OF SUCCESSFUL PUBLICATION.

NORTH CAROLINA PRESBYTERIAN. PUBLISHED AT WILMINGTON, N. C.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION: One copy one year, in advance..... \$2.00 " " " " delayed payment..... 2.15 " " " " six months, in advance..... 1.50

Able, instructive and interesting it should be in every Presbyterian family in the South. Send remittance by Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter, Check or by Express.

Those who solicit subscription will be allowed 25 cents for each subscriber obtained. Agents wanted in every congregation, and ministers are especially requested to act as agents. Address: NORTH CAROLINA PRESBYTERIAN, Wilmington, N. C.

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years' experience.

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the Scientific American, and letters and notices are inserted weekly in the Scientific American, showing the progress of science in every department, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents, 25 cents.

1892

25 cents will pay for the "Commonwealth" for TWO MONTHS.

50 cents will pay for the "Commonwealth" for FOUR MONTHS.

75 cents will pay for the "Commonwealth" for SIX MONTHS.

\$1.00 will pay for the "Commonwealth" for EIGHT MONTHS.

\$1.50 will pay for the "Commonwealth" for ONE YEAR. CASH IN ADVANCE IN ALL CASES. Address, J. K. SMITH, PUBLISHER, Harrisonburg, Va.

RAILROAD LINES.

BALT. & OHIO RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE OF HARPEN'S FERRY AND VALLEY BRANCH BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD, TO TAKE EFFECT MONDAY, NOV. 21, 1892. SUPERSEDES ALL PREVIOUS SCHEDULES.

Table with columns for destinations (Levee, Washington, Frederick, Egerstown, etc.) and times for various routes.

EAST BOUND.

Table with columns for destinations (Levee, Washington, Frederick, Egerstown, etc.) and times for various routes.

WEST, SOUTHWEST AND NORTHWEST.

Table with columns for destinations (Levee, Washington, Frederick, Egerstown, etc.) and times for various routes.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILROAD.

THE NEW EAST AND WEST TRUNK LINE. OPENED THROUGH KENTUCKY.

LEXINGTON, CINCINNATI, AND LOUISVILLE.

Making direct connections at these cities for the Southwest, West and Northwest.

RATES OF FARE are as low as by any route and from many points they are LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE, this being the SHORTEST ROUTE in existence.

ONLY DIRECT ROUTE to Louisville, Nashville Memphis and Texas Points.

Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Etc.

Before selecting your route, write to one of the Agents named below for full information; you will save money, and avoid frequent and unpleasant changes of cars.

NOTE THAT A NEW AND HANDSOME COACH runs daily from Richmond, Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Waynesboro, Staunton, and Williamsport, to J. K. SMITH, PUBLISHER, Harrisonburg, Va.

Fullman Sleeping Coaches

WILLIAMS' AND HUNTINGTON. REMEMBER, that the Chesapeake and Ohio Route can save you money to any point.

West, Northwest or Southwest, more cheaply and comfortably, with less number of changes, than any other Route.

C. C. DOTY, Passenger Agent, Lynchburg, Va. P. H. WOODWARD, Passenger Agent, Staunton, Va. J. C. DAVIS, General Southern Agent, Richmond, Virginia.

G. W. SMITH, General Manager. H. W. FULLER, Gen. Pass. Agent. Dr. D. A. BUCHER, J. D. BUCHER, DENTIST.

BRIDGEWATER, VA.

Artificial teeth \$15 a plate. Gold fillings \$1.50. Gold and Platinum Alloy fillings 75 cents. Extending a specialty.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acid poison which causes the dreadful suffering known only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and cured, in the PERFECTLY CURED.

KIDNEY-WORT

It has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the country. In hundreds of cases it has cured Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc., in a few days.

It cleanses, strengthens and gives new life to all the important organs of the body. It cures Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc., in a few days.

KIDNEY-WORT

It has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the country. In hundreds of cases it has cured Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc., in a few days.

NEW RICH BLOOD

Keen's Purifying Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the system in three months.

Keen's Purifying Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the system in three months.

Keen's Purifying Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the system in three months.

AGENTS WANTED

EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Kidney-Wort. It is the best Family Kidney-Wort.

EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Kidney-Wort. It is the best Family Kidney-Wort.

J. MONROE TAYLOR

ESTABLISHED 1844. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS.

ESTABLISHED 1844. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS.

ESTABLISHED 1844. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS.

PENSIONS FOR SOLDIERS,

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

Widows, fathers, mothers, or children. These pensioned soldiers receive for life of their own or support, retaining their own property.

PAUL C. BOWMAN,

Carriage-Maker, : : : Bridgewater, Va. Makes to order Rockaways, Buggies, Single and Double Seated Wagons. Special attention given to PAINTING AND TRIMMING both hand and second-hand work.

Thanking you for your order, he opens to merit a reasonable share of public patronage in future.

CHEAP.

If you want to buy the BEST BUGGY, CARRIAGE or SPRING WAGON to be had for the money, send for our new Price List with special inducements.

Free to all who will take the trouble to write for it. Address, BRIDGEWATER, VA.

Coal, Wood, Lumber, Laths, Sand.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER for sale by the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

LEVERLY—My Livery Stable is in full operation. Horses, Buggies, Carriages and Vehicles for hire. Call at my stables in rear of S. H. MOORE & CO., on Elizabeth Street.

H. COOKER PARKER.

PURE "BOVINE VIRUS" QUILLS

For sale by the above articles call upon H. COOKER. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

MAKING POWDERS—Horsford's, Royal, Patapsco, Excelsior, Sea Fun, Soda and Cream Tartar, at used by the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

H. COOKER PARKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.

For any of the above articles call upon H. COOKER.